Restoration of Black Hills Montane Grassland Sites

Phase 3: Seed Increasing

2009 Accomplishments

In 2007 Black Hills National Forest partnered with Rocky Mountain Research Station (RMRS) – Rapid City to restore montane grasslands and initiate development of a native plant materials program for the Black Hills region. Black Hills montane grasslands are an endemic, wildflower-rich plant community the extent of which has been severely decreased with Euro-American settlement. It is one of the most endangered vegetation types in the Black Hills.

- Forest Botanist attended "Developing a Successful Native Plant Program" Workshop in Ontario, OR
- •Plugs of Sporobolus heterolepis, Achnatherum richardsonii, and Danthonia intermedia were very successfully grown at Bessey Nursery (approximately 5,000 plugs were returned to the Black Hills National Forest).
- Plugs were planted in May at the Rocky Mountain Research Station Native Plant Material Site in Rapid City, SD.
- •Unfortunately, only 20% of the 2009 plugs survived.
- Most of the seedlings planted in 2008 were thriving and produced seed.

The long-term goal of these initial efforts was to establish a permanent native plant materials program for revegetation and restoration projects on public and private lands in the Black Hills.



Figure 1. A group effort allowed us to plant 5,000 plugs in two days.



Figure 2. A RMRS seasonal employee demonstrates her plug planting skills.

Year Awarded: 2008
Project completion: 2009
Report number: 1

Funding: FY09 \$21,000

Expenditures:

Planting & care of sites \$11,000
Training \$1,000
Supervisory time \$4,000
Grow seed for plugs \$5,000

Partners:

Rocky Mountain Research Station USFS Bessey Nursery

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