




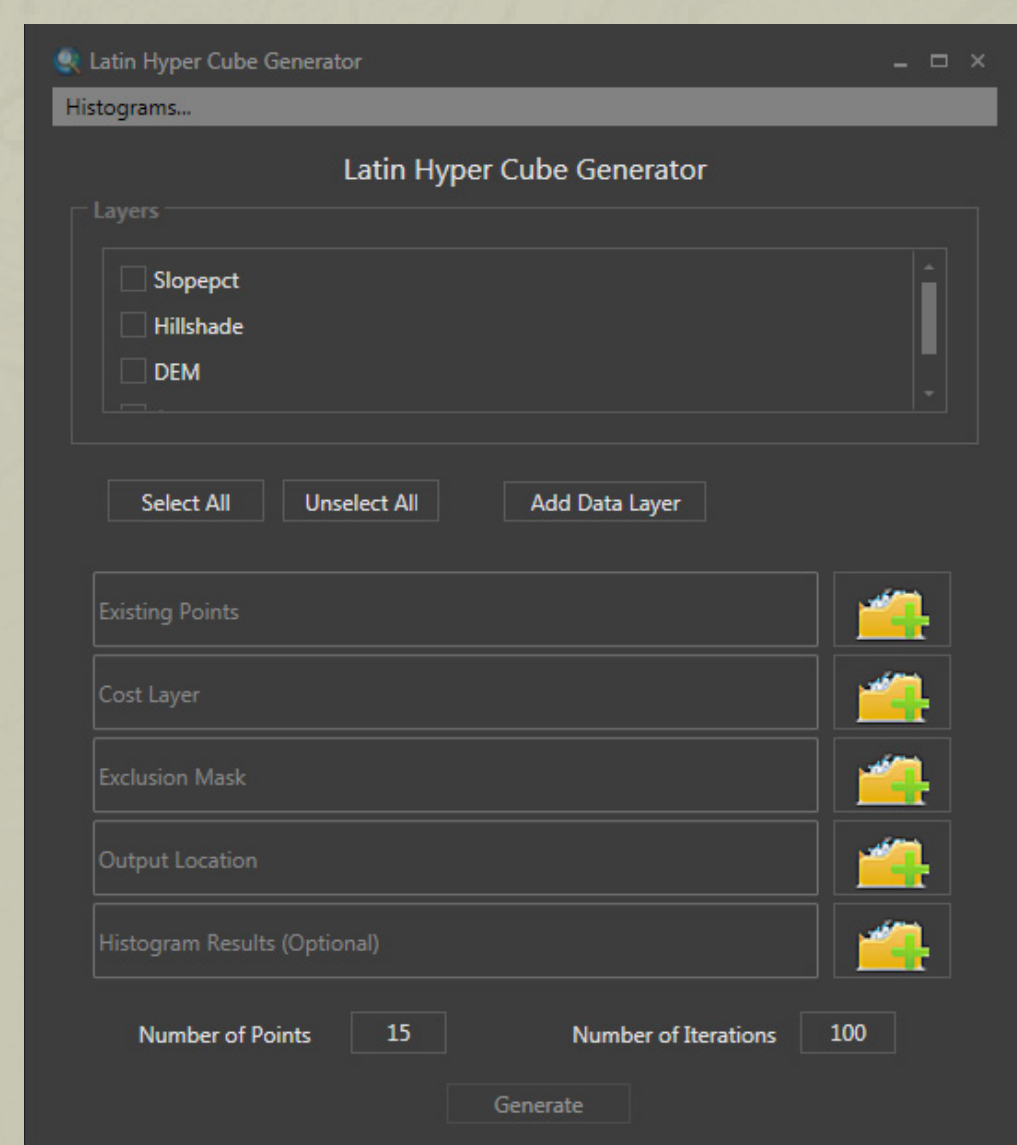
TEUI Geospatial Toolkit 5.1

AN ARCGIS ADD-IN FOR NATURAL RESOURCE MAPPING

What is TEUI? Terrestrial Ecological Unit Inventory (TEUI) is a hierarchical land survey and resource inventory system developed and used by the United States Forest Service. TEUI products include ecological type descriptions, maps, interpretations that provide baseline information for forest plan revisions, timber and range management decisions, ecological and watershed assessments, and project level planning.

What is the TEUI Toolkit?  The TEUI Geospatial Toolkit is an ArcGIS 10.1+ extension that accelerates TEUI, Soil Survey, and other natural resource mapping efforts. The Toolkit utilizes raster data (e.g. slope, aspect, elevation), polygon data (e.g. map units), and point data (e.g. soil pedon or vegetation plots), and displays descriptive statistical information in a tabular and graphical format. The Toolkit's focus and strengths are to assist users with creating new and consistent map units as well as characterizing established map units.

SAMPLE DESIGN



Simple and intuitive user interface allows anyone to create sample points.

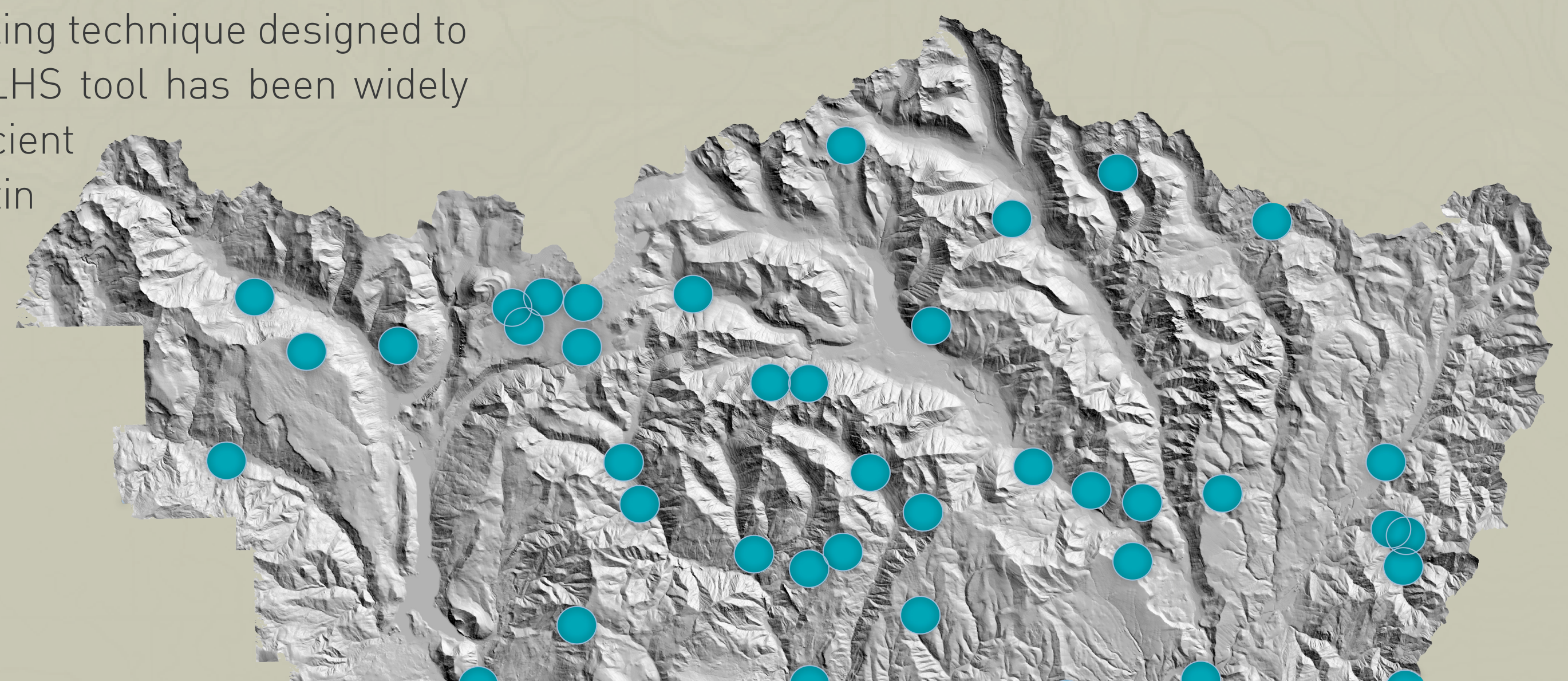
Conditional Latin Hypercube Sampling (cLHS) is a stratified random sampling technique designed to ensure balanced selection of sites across feature or data space. The cLHS tool has been widely adopted within the digital soils mapping community for the selection of efficient field sampling locations. Roudier, P. cLHS: a R package for conditioned Latin hypercube sampling.



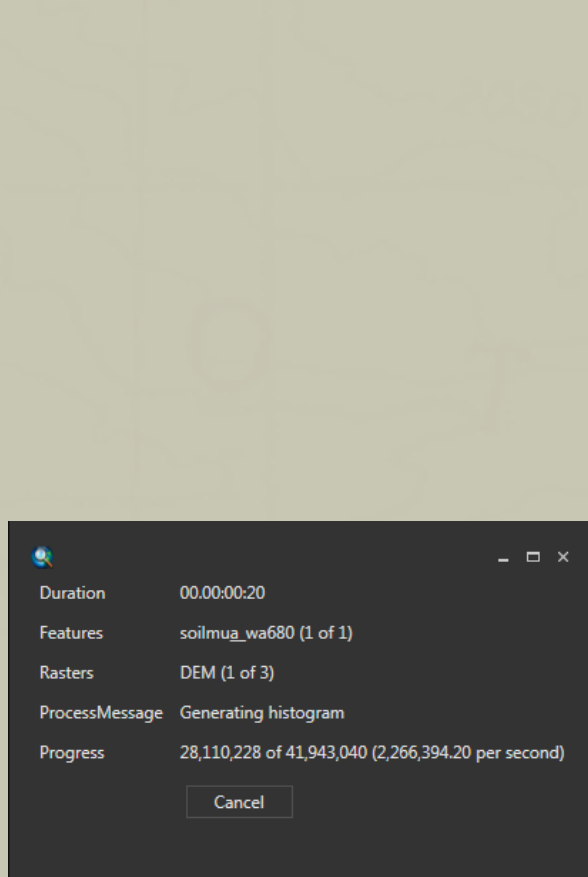
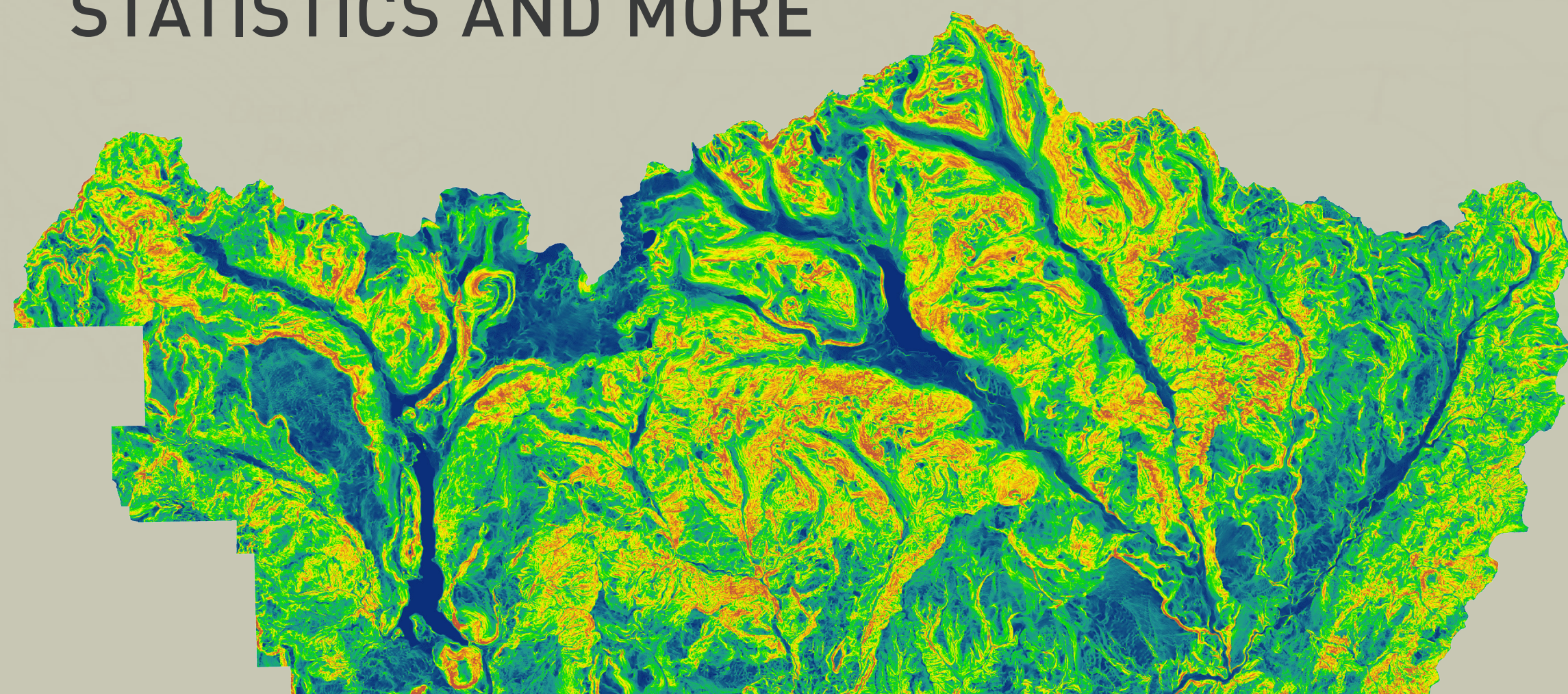
Sample points are plotted on individual raster histograms to show where selected points are distributed.

Point	Shape	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR	SR
0	Point	0	5178405.53172	620527.888091	40.524121705458	11.0240124252978	1477		
1	Point	1	5202775.53172	620527.888091	189.46210049805	15.209093184646	1786		
2	Point	2	5182995.53172	620527.888091	126.309093184646	14.027707125467	1385		
3	Point	3	5151375.53172	620527.888091	168.609093184646	18.242452638719	1427		
4	Point	4	5167105.53172	620527.888091	40.524121705458	11.0240124252978	1122		
5	Point	5	5200405.53172	620527.888091	245.46210049805	18.509093184646	1824		
6	Point	6	5200405.53172	620527.888091	271.009093184646	18.242452638719	1427		
7	Point	7	5198005.53172	620527.888091	17.009093184646	1.009093184646	100		
8	Point	8	5213805.53172	620527.888091	118.609093184646	11.0240124252978	1427		

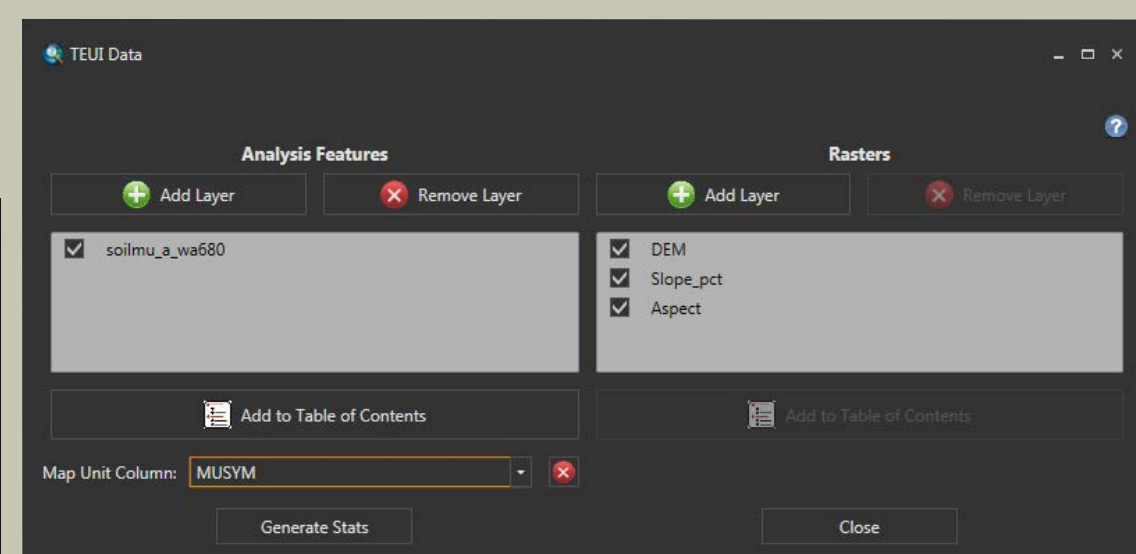
Sample points are returned with coordinates and underlying raster values.



STATISTICS AND MORE



Fast Statistics Generation.

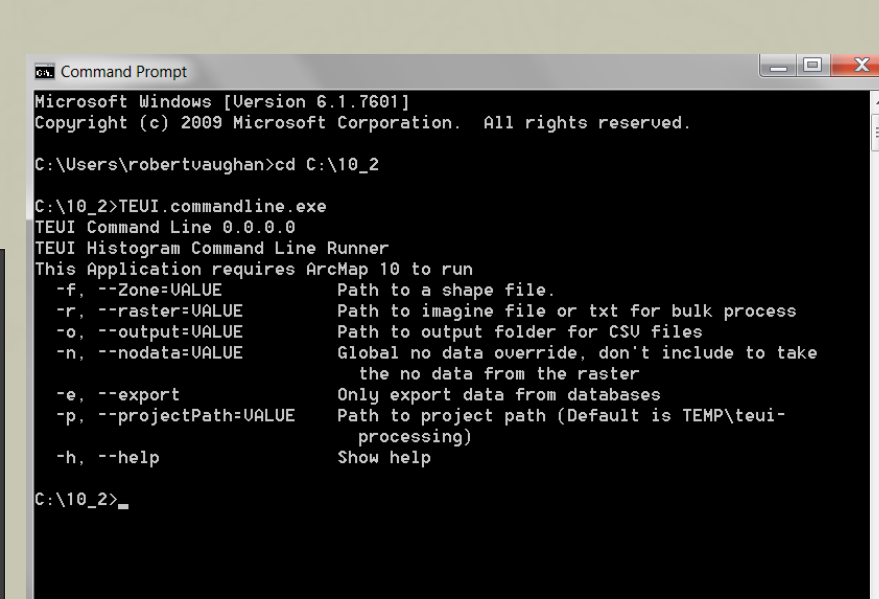


Simple Data Manager gives users flexibility on generating statistics. Users can run statistics on many unique sets of polygons and rasters all at once.

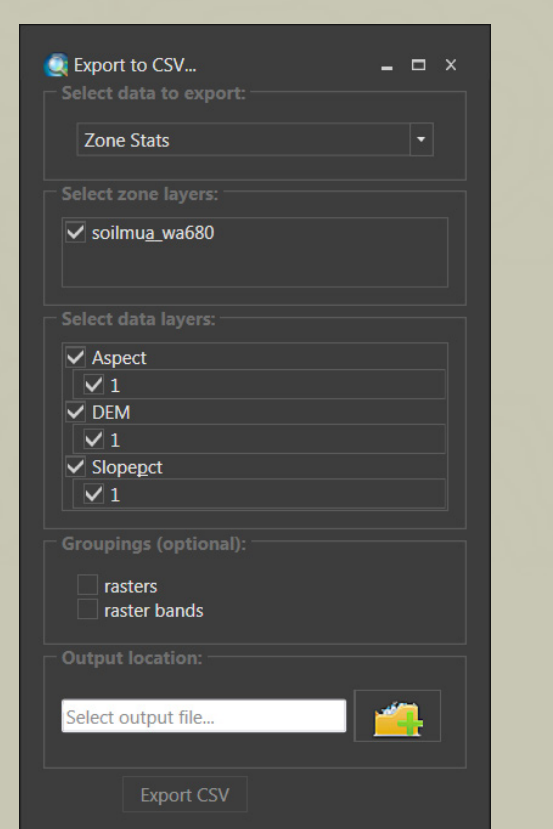
Feature ID	Value
1	1000.0
2	1000.0
3	1000.0
4	1000.0
5	1000.0
6	1000.0
7	1000.0
8	1000.0
9	1000.0
10	1000.0

Feature ID	Value
1	1000.0
2	1000.0
3	1000.0
4	1000.0
5	1000.0
6	1000.0
7	1000.0
8	1000.0
9	1000.0
10	1000.0

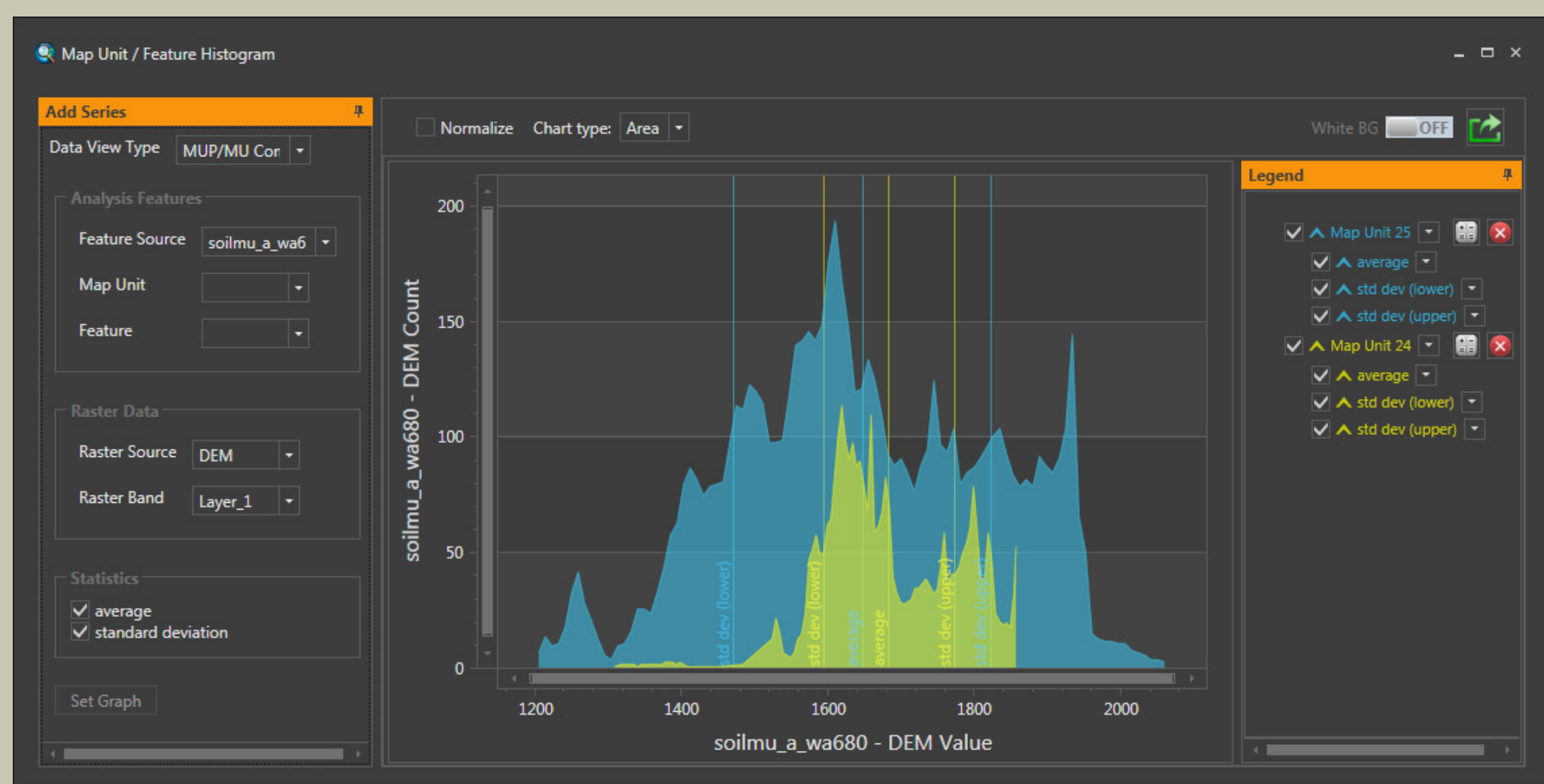
Descriptive statistics can be displayed and exported in a tabular format. Statistics are displayed for individual polygons and for map units.



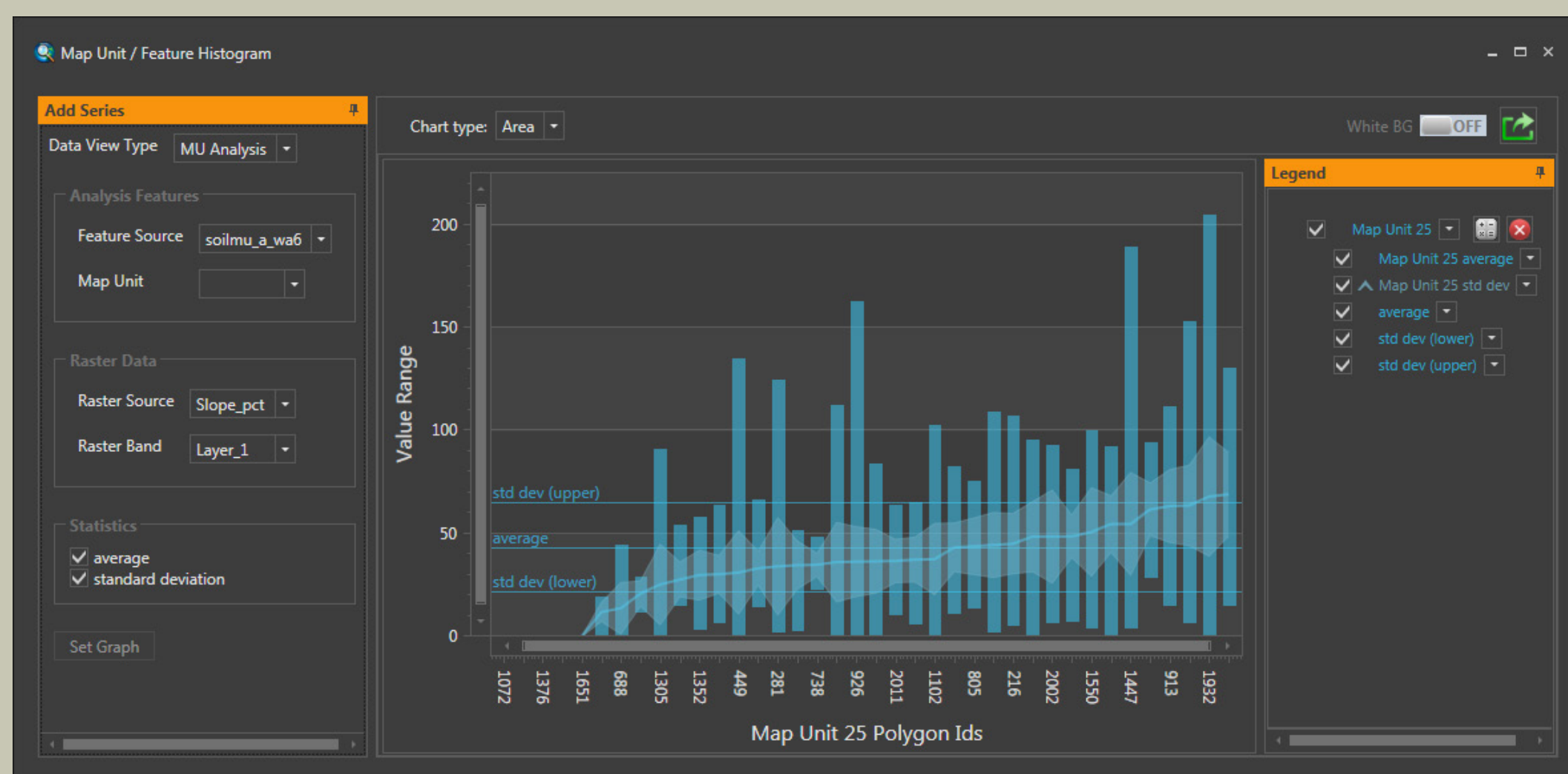
Command-line version allows users to easily integrate core Toolkit statistical functionality directly into scripts using Python or other languages.



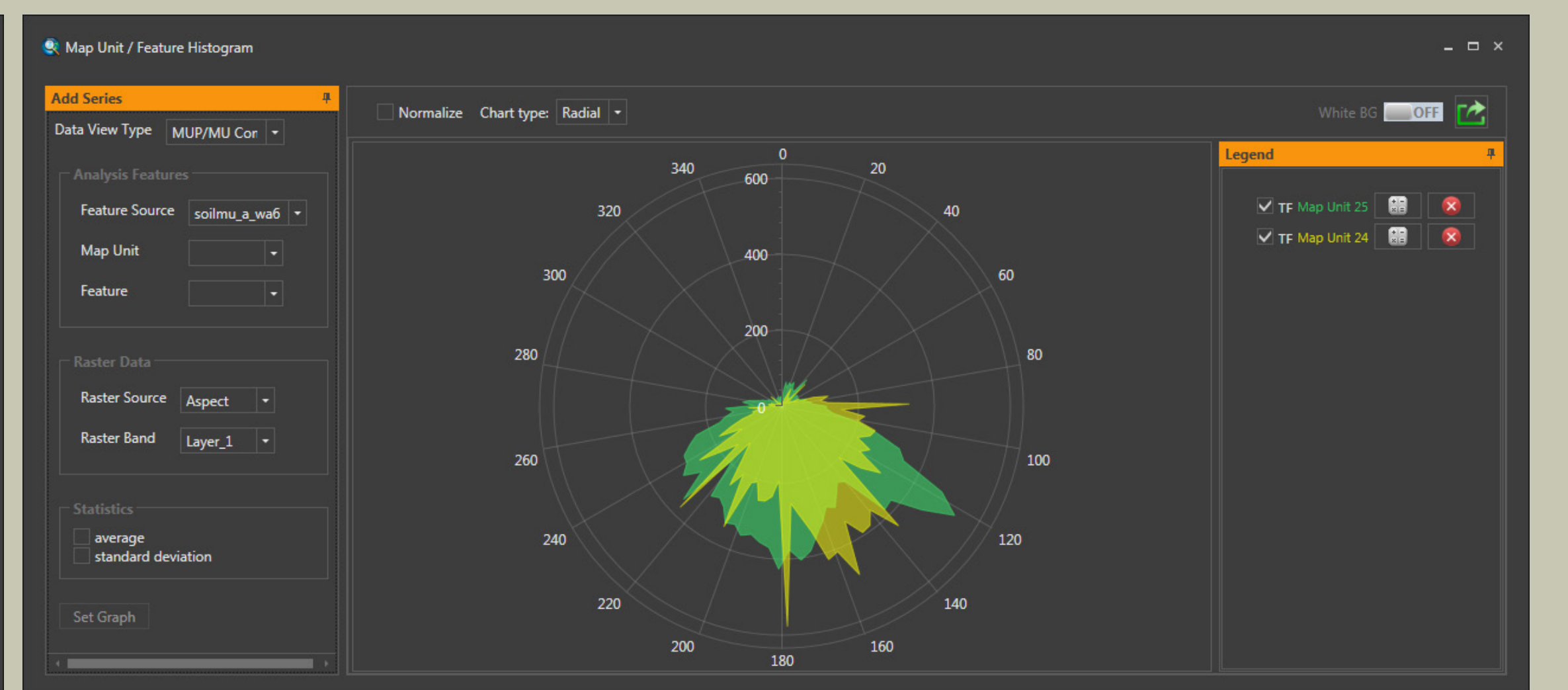
Export statistics as a text file for use in other programs such as R.



Visualize descriptive statistics for individual polygons or map units using graphs or tables. Comparisons can easily be made between individual polygons and map units and for one or more raster layers or bands.



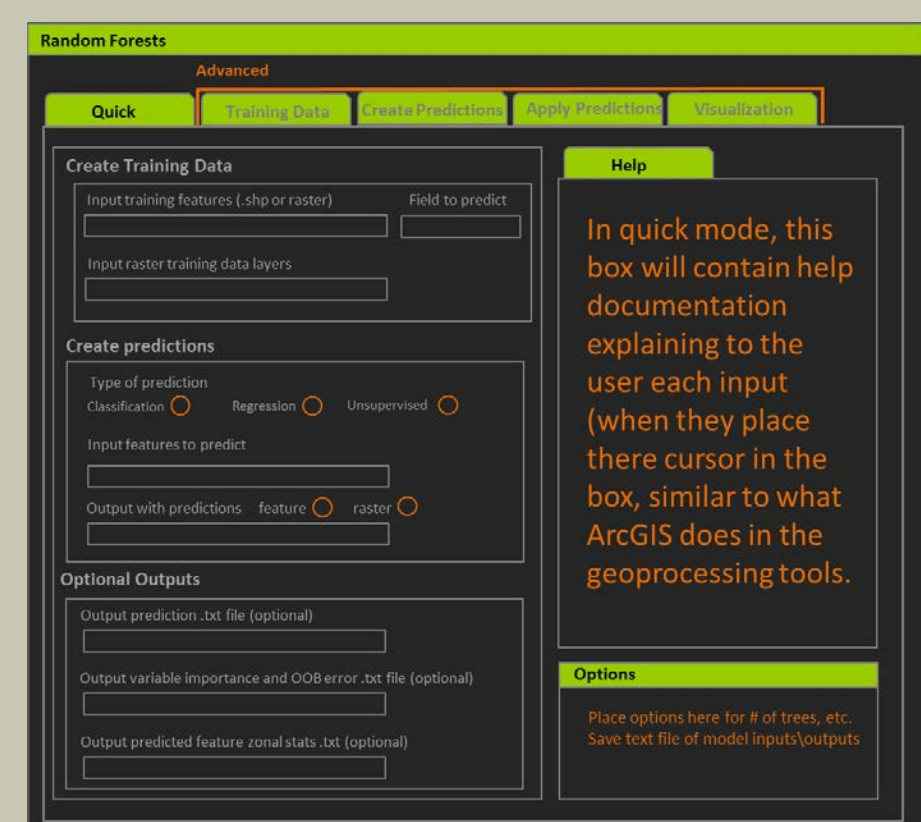
Map unit graphs allow users to easily compare all individual polygons within a map unit to identify potential outliers. Map unit mean and standard deviation lines are plotted on the graph to give users a greater sense of how individual features compare to a map unit.



The Toolkit provides users with several graph types for proper data visualization. For example, graphs are provided for radial data types (e.g. aspect). Other types include: line, point, and bar graphs.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT ADDITIONS

*Currently under development



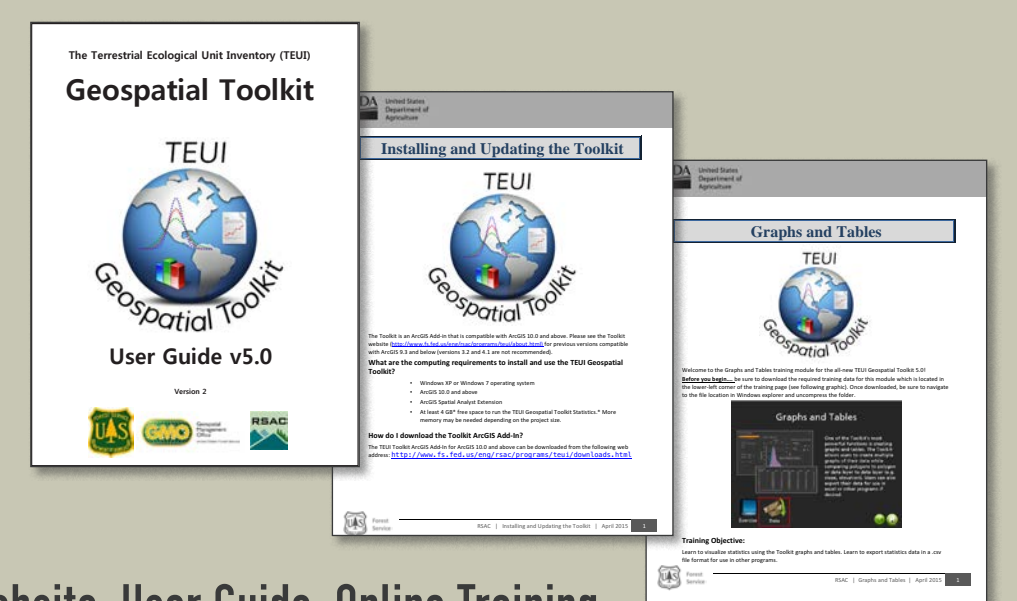
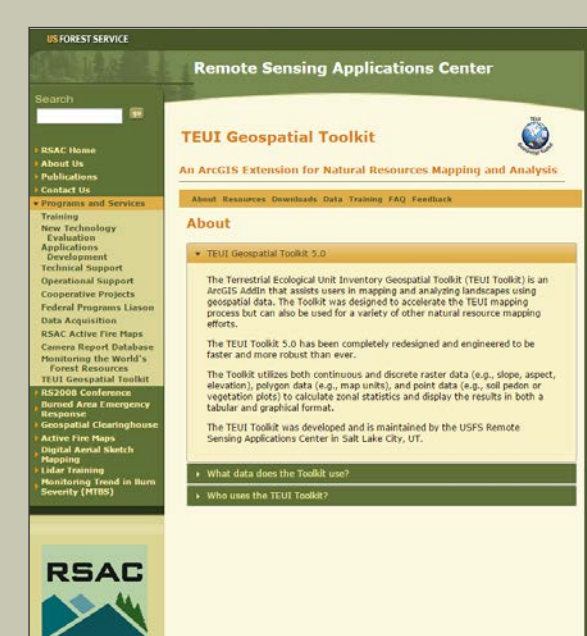
Quantitative Approach Machine Learning Tools

- Random Forests and Support Vector Machines*
- Radial Data Statistics

Statistical Approaches to Map Unit Development

- Non-Metric Multidimensional Scaling (NMDS) and Others*
- Imagery and Topographic Data Tools

TRAINING AND SUPPORT



Website, User Guide, Online Training.