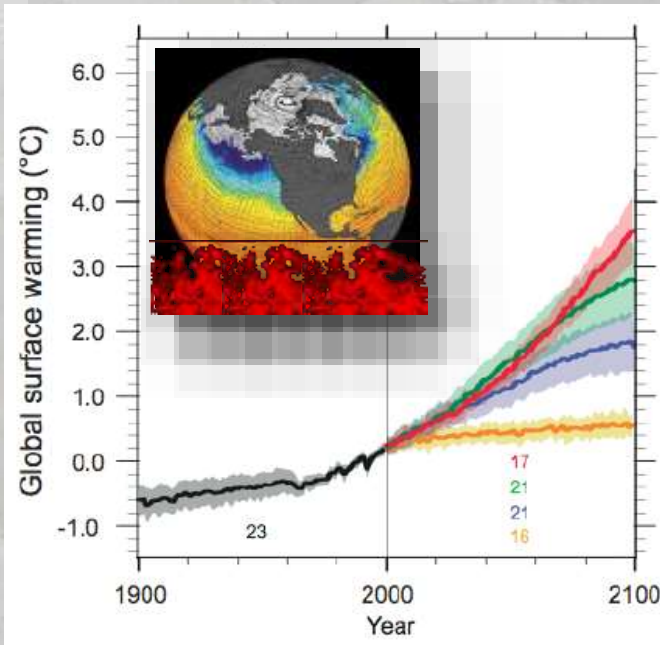


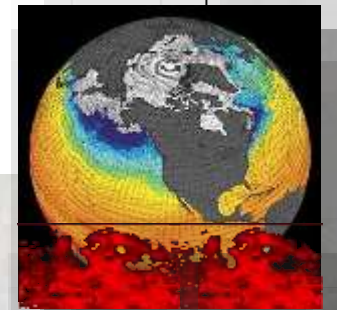
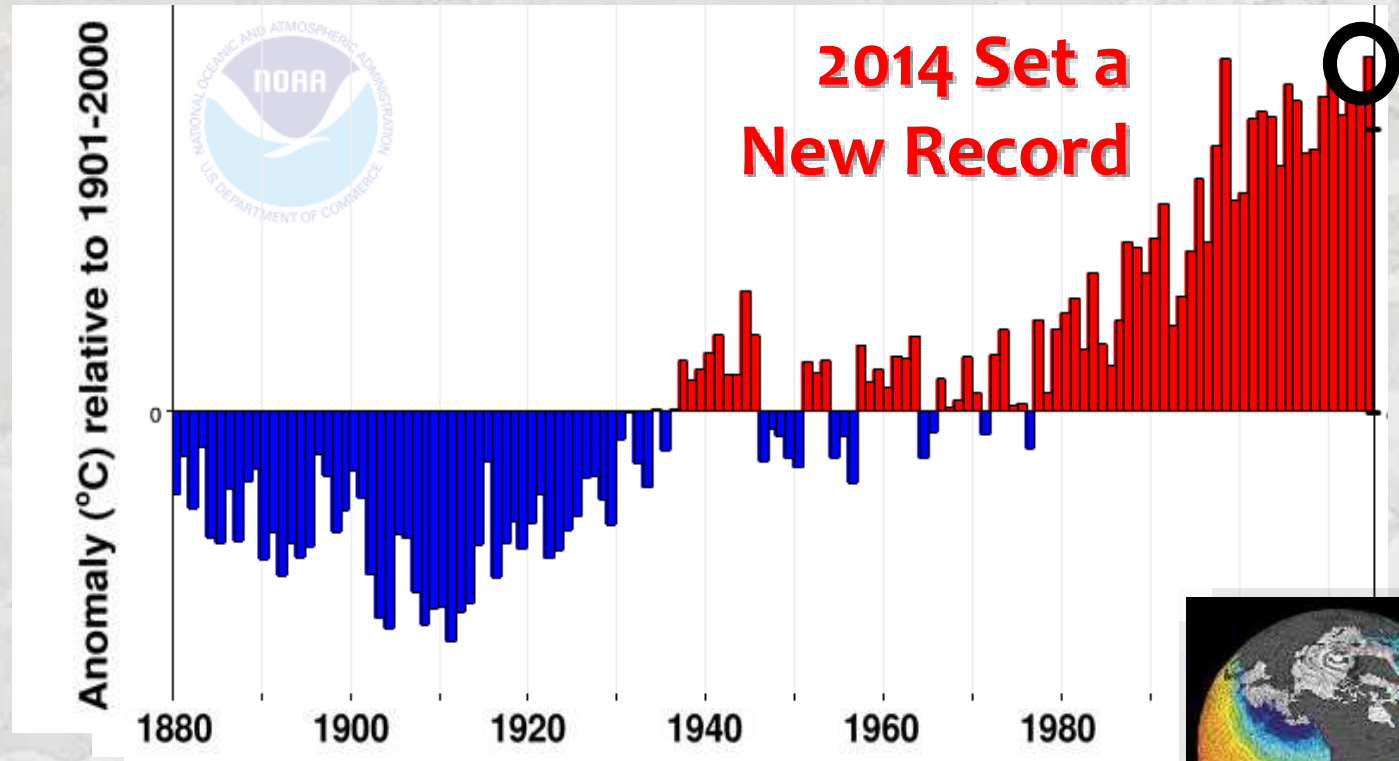
Identifying, Protecting, & Enhancing Climate Refugia for Salmonids

Dan Isaak & Mike Young
US Forest Service Research



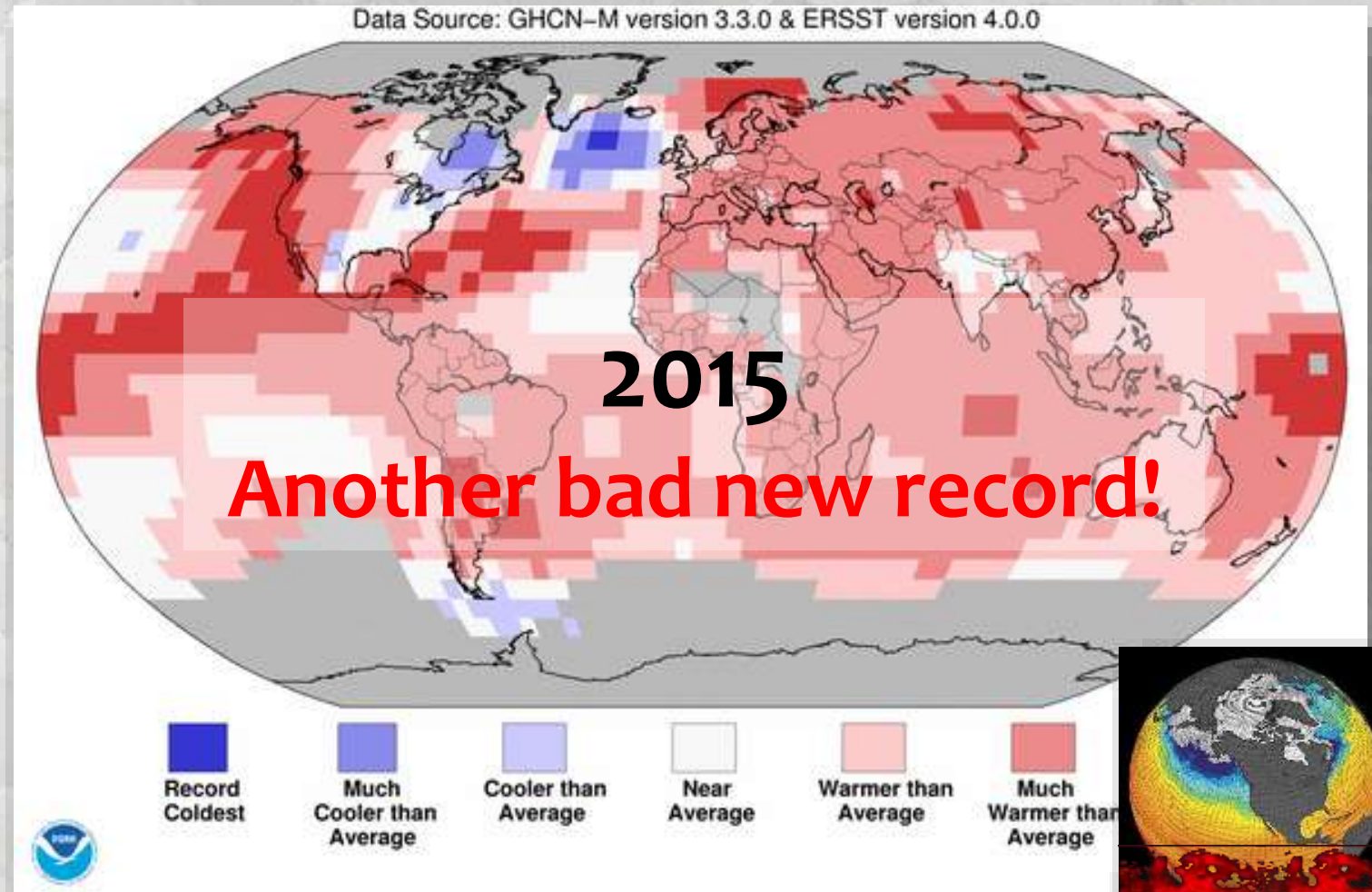
The New Reality...

1880-2014 Global Air Temperature Trend

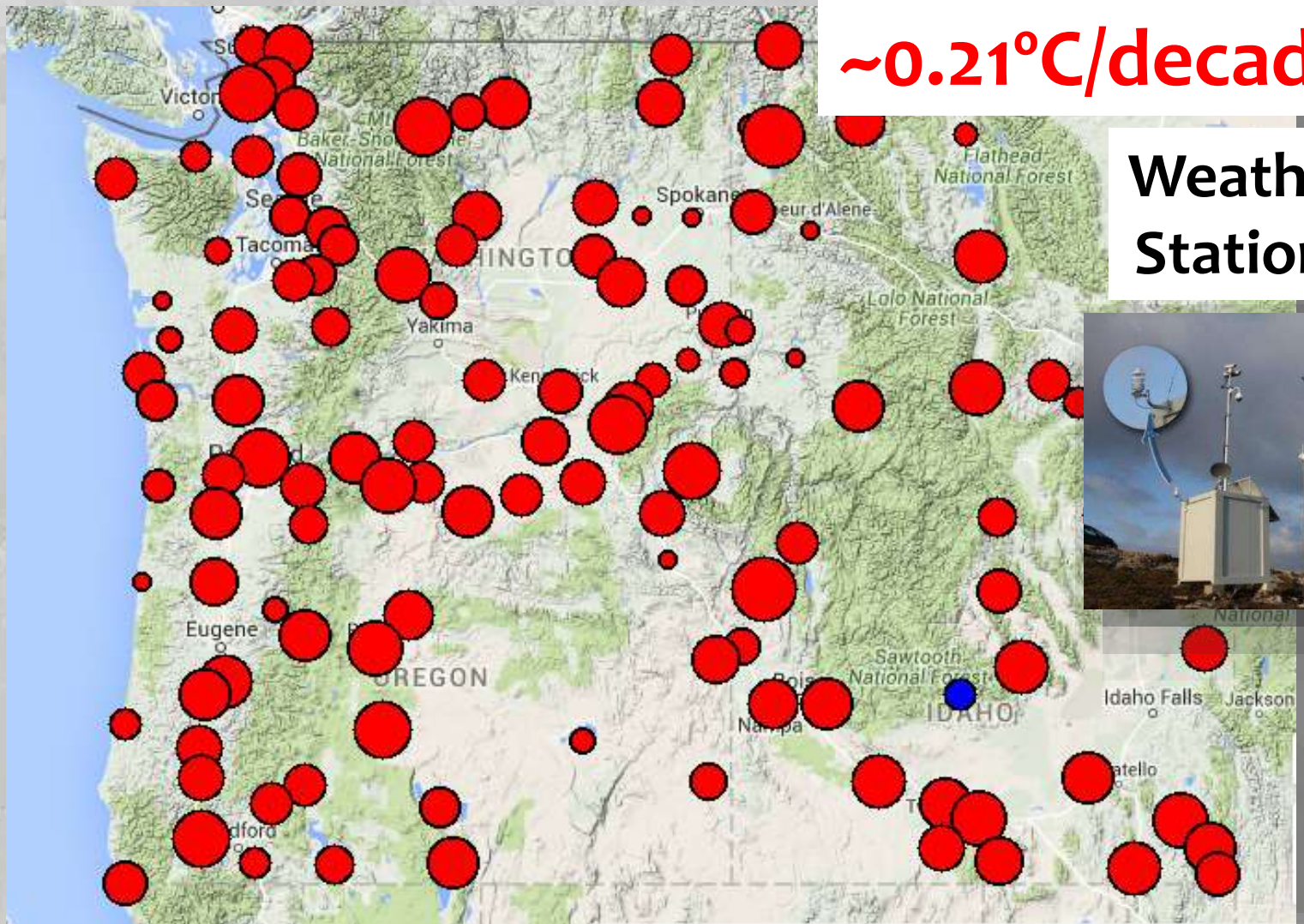


The New Reality...

1880-2014 Global Air Temperature Trend



Summer Air Temp Trends (1968–2011)

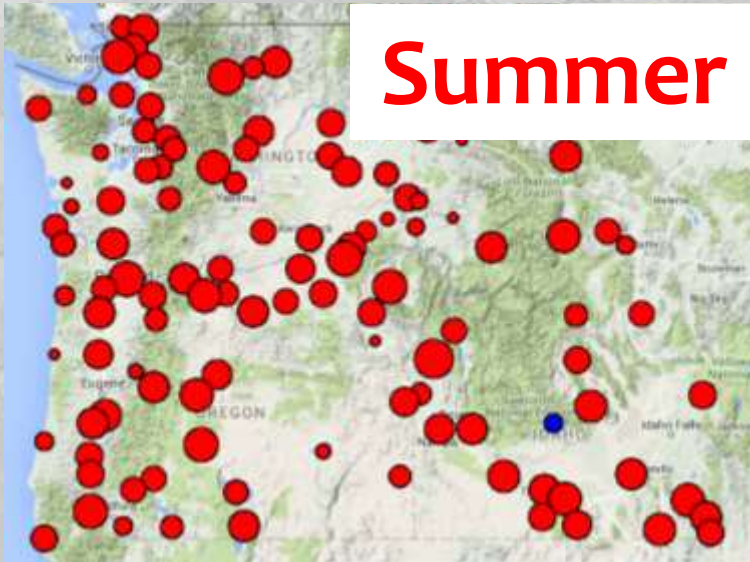


OWSC Climate Tool map

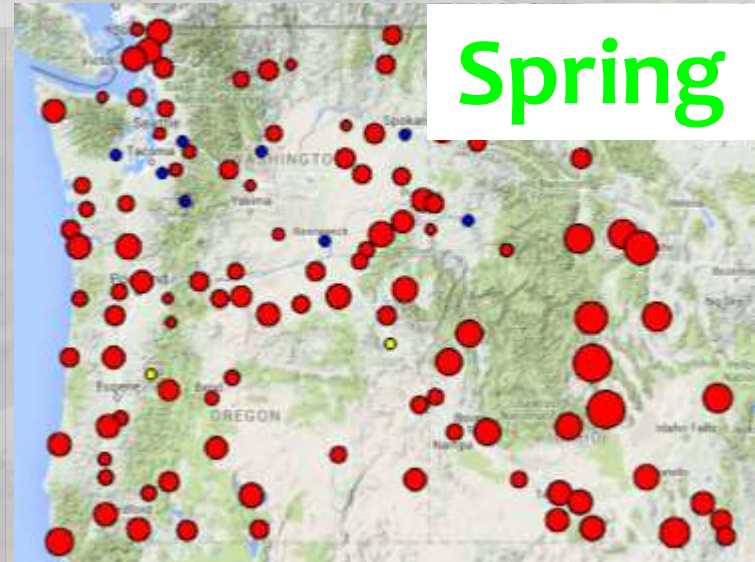
<http://www.climate.washington.edu/trendanalysis/>

Seasonal Air Temp Trends (1968–2011)

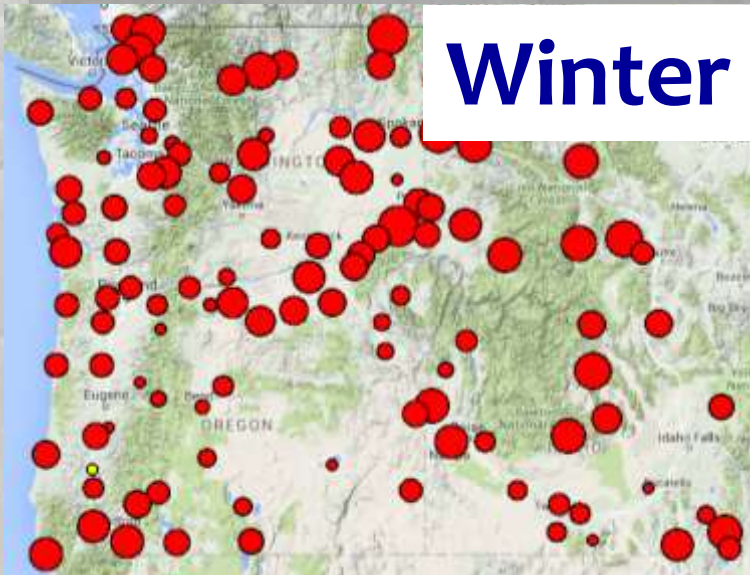
Summer



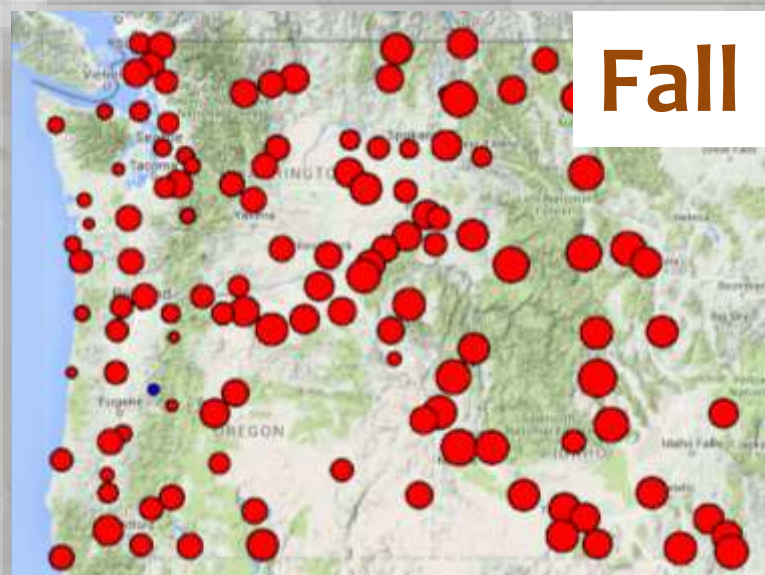
Spring



Winter

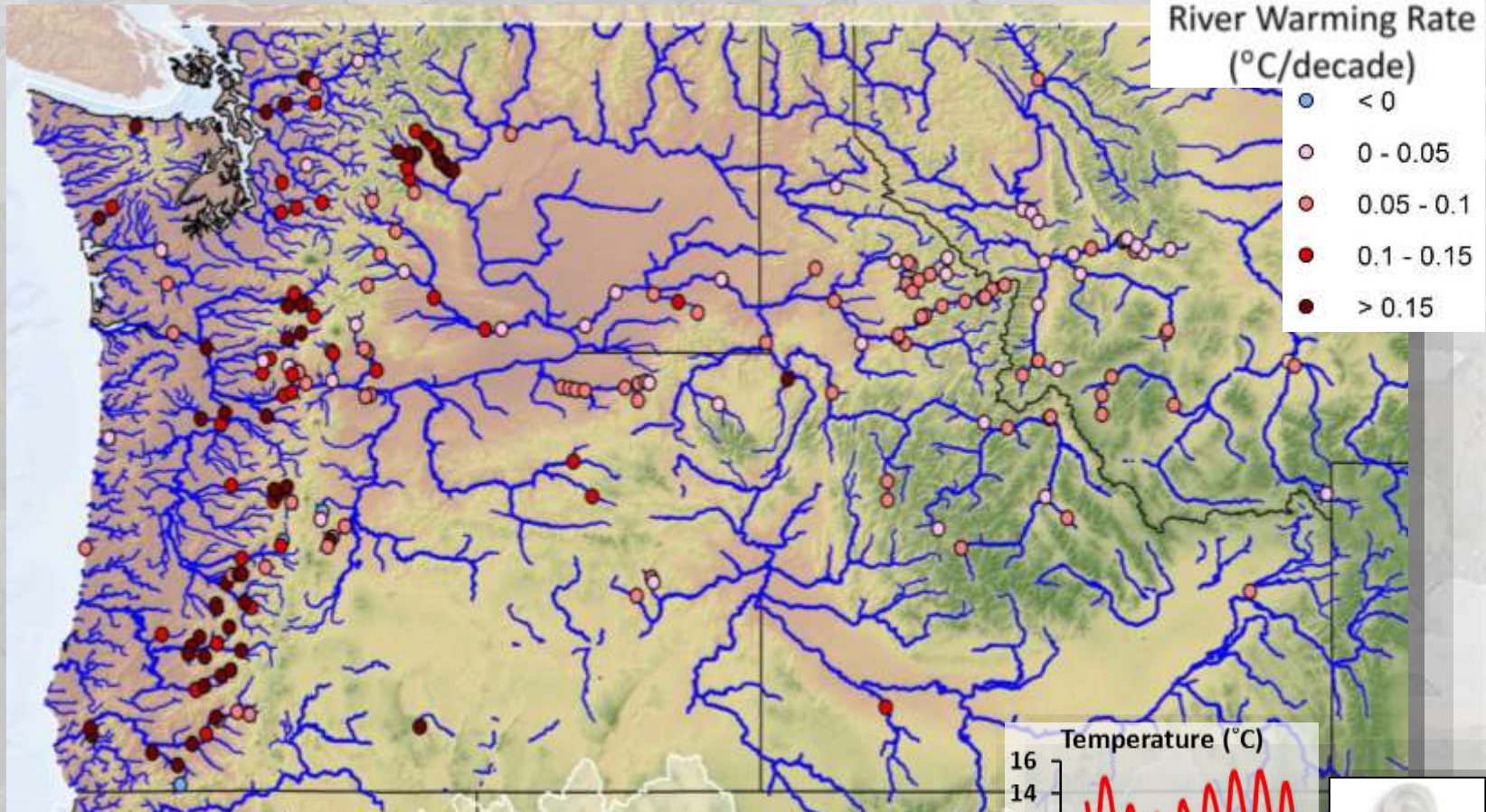


Fall



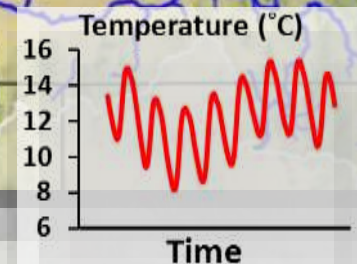
Summer River Temp Trends (1968-2011)

245 sites with >10 year monitoring records



+0.11 $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{decade}$

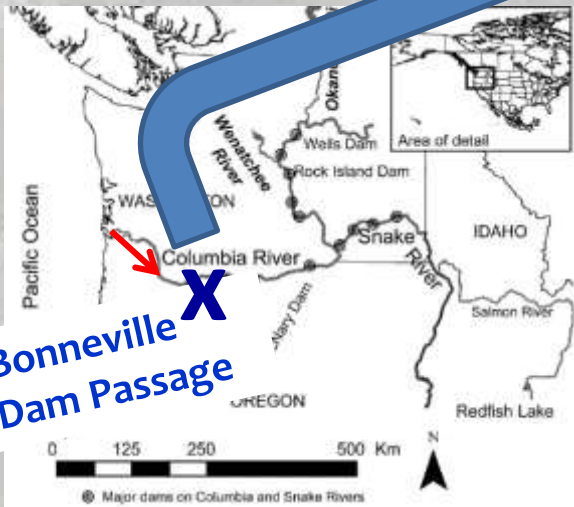
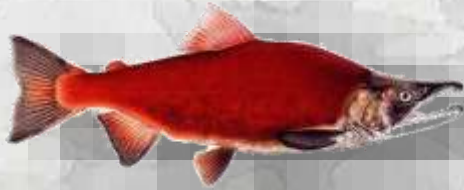
98.5% sites are warming



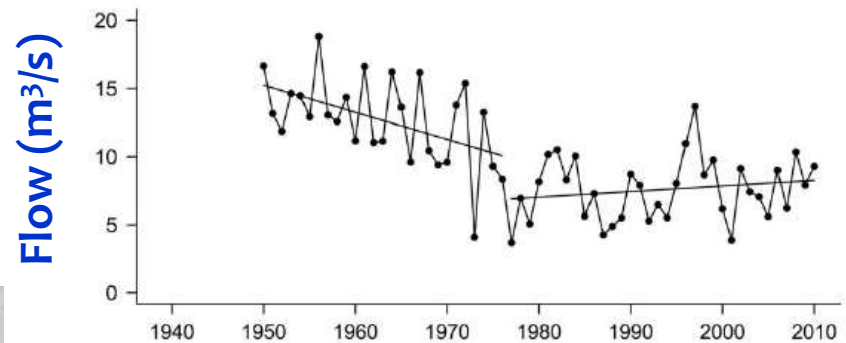
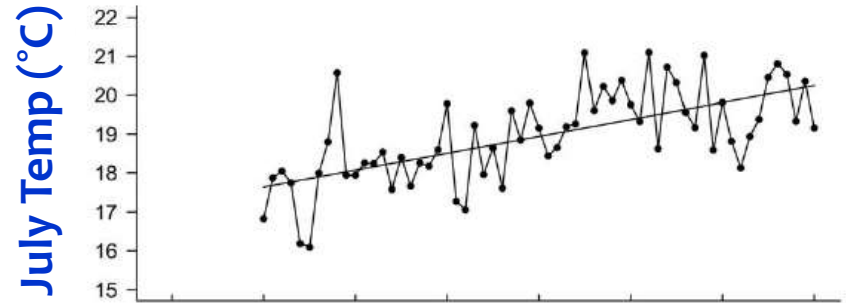
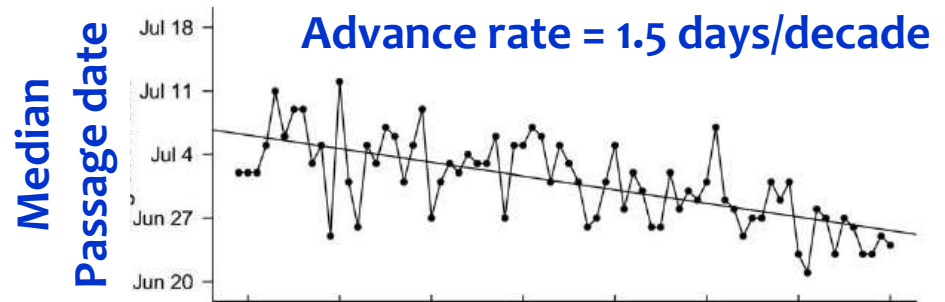
Isaak et al. In Prep.

Fish are Trying to Follow Climate

Sockeye Migrations Happening Earlier...



Bonneville Dam Passage



Year

Crozier et al. 2011. A Case Study of a Shift toward Earlier Migration Date in Sockeye Salmon. *The American Naturalist* 178:755-773.

2015 Was a “Perfect storm”

High temps + low flows +
many fish = **Many Mortalities**

**Summer Chinook Return Forecasted To Be Largest Since 1961;
Gillnetters Raise Catch Allocation Issues**

Posted on Friday, July 10, 2015 (PST)



**Climate change is tilting the odds
towards more perfect storms**



**Snowpack drought has salmon dying in overheated
rivers**

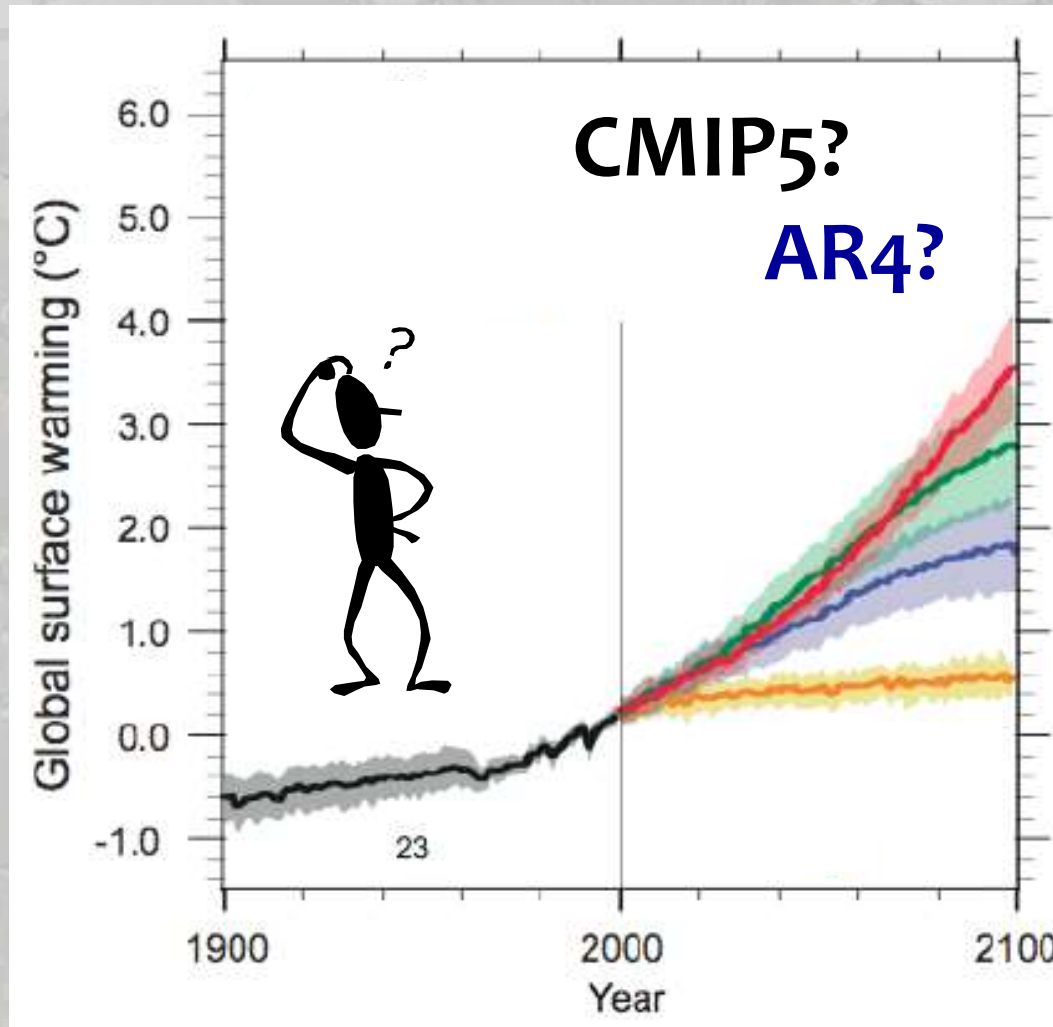
Originally published July 25, 2015 at 5:42 pm | Updated July 28, 2015 at 11:18 am

The Seattle Times



How Much Warmer & When?

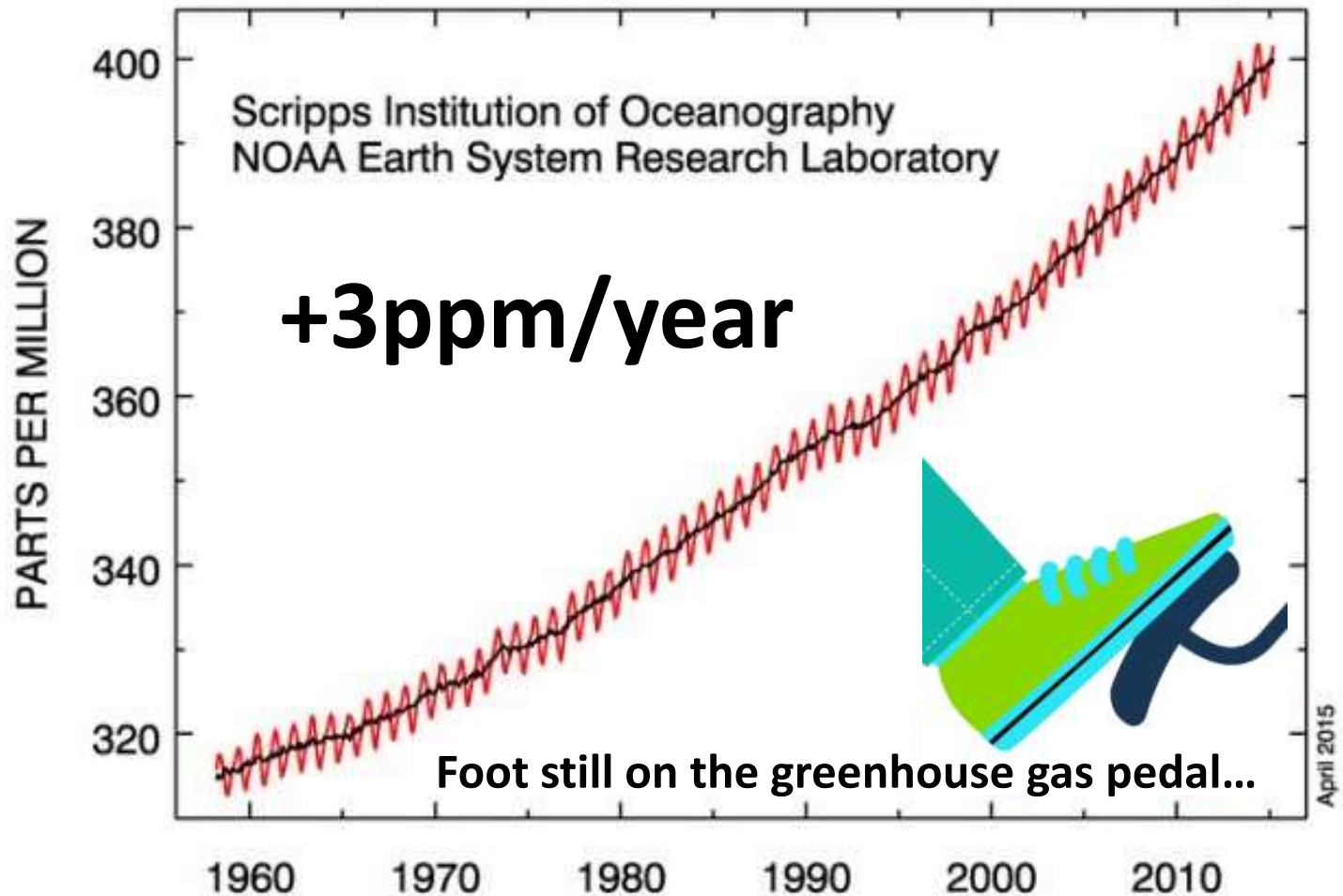
The Future is Uncertain...



The Specifics are an “Unknowable Unknown”

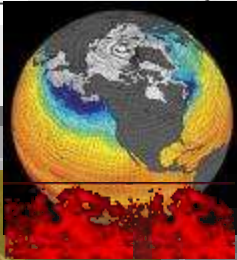
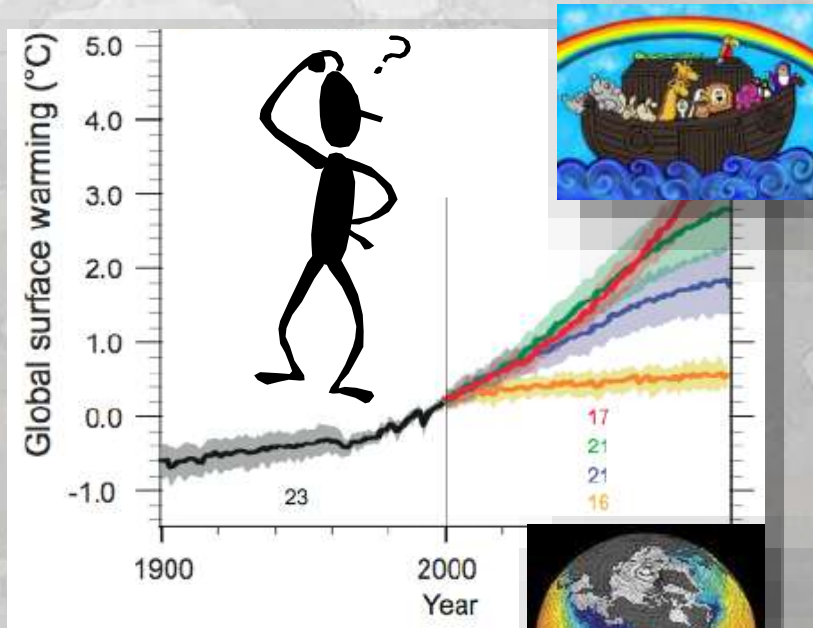
How Much Warmer & When?

Atmospheric CO₂ Concentration

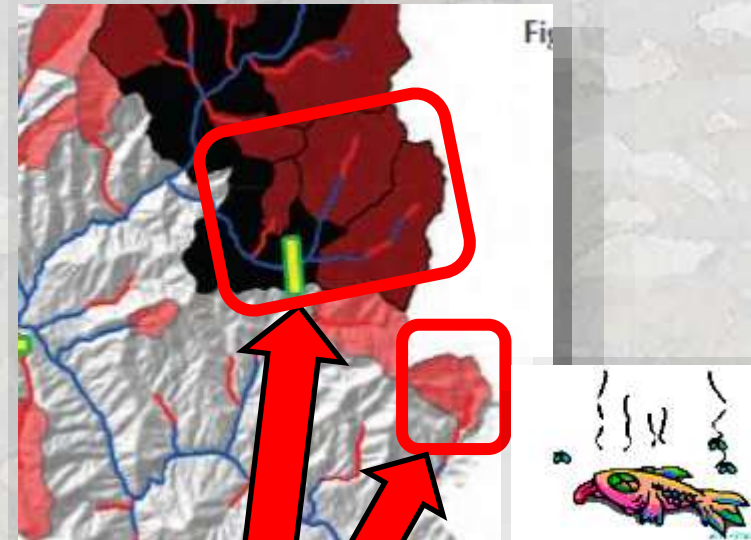


Plan on continued warming for decades...

Identifying & Protecting Climate Refugia Hedges Against Uncertainty



Strategic Context for Investment Planning



I'm going to invest here...

... not here

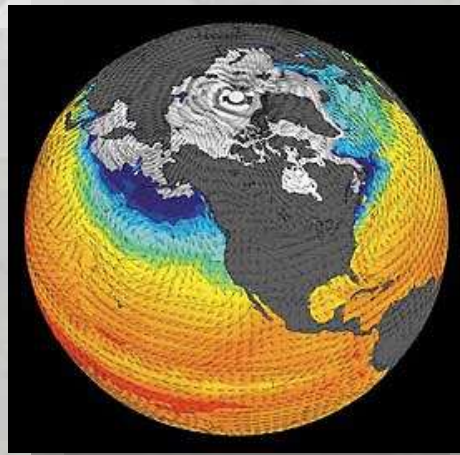


Resolving Refugia Requires Taking Climate Into the Water Where Fish Live



Resolving Refugia Requires Taking Climate Into the Water Where Fish Live

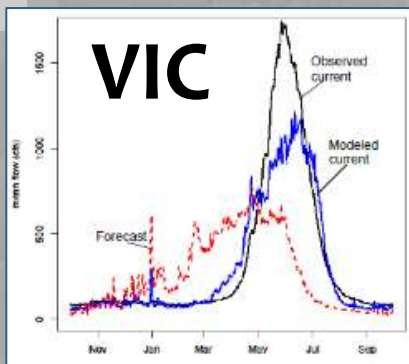
Climate model (air temp & precip)



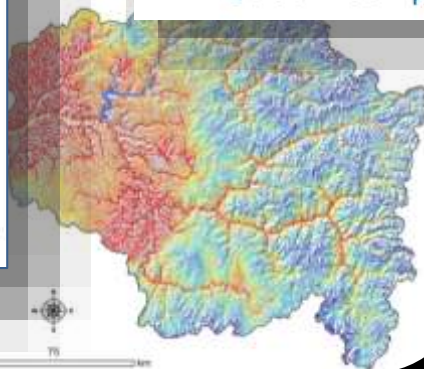
Regional patterns



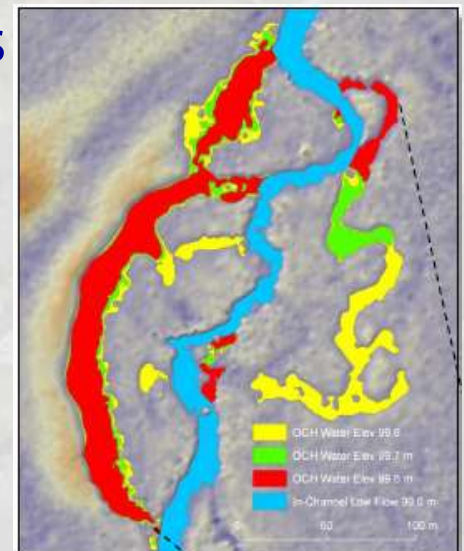
Stream temperatures & flow



NorWeST
Stream Temp

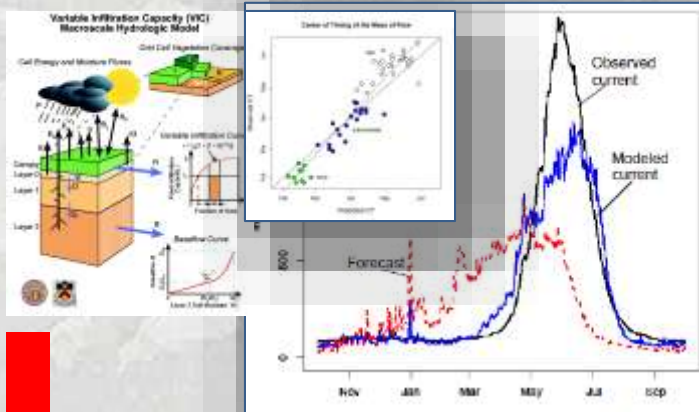


Stream reach patterns

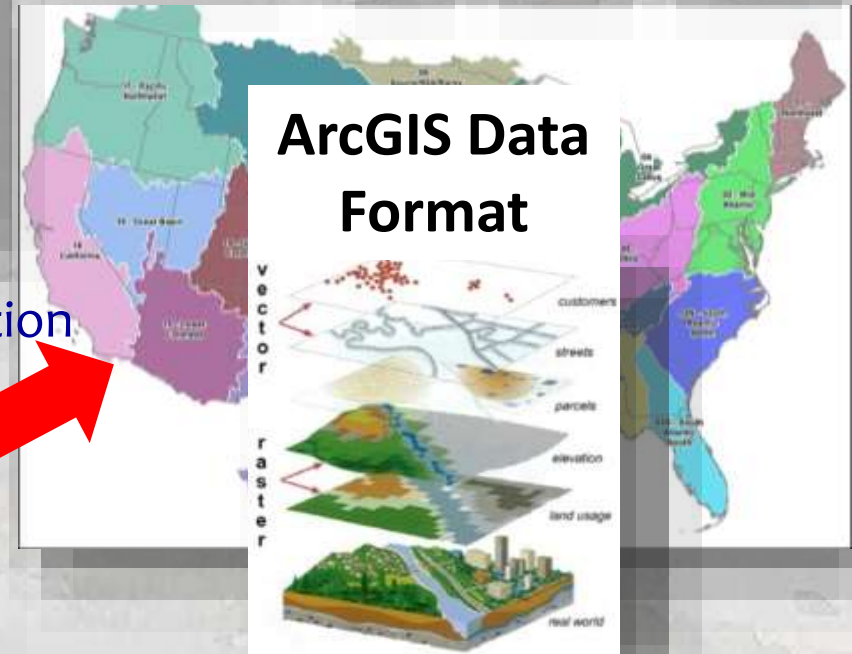
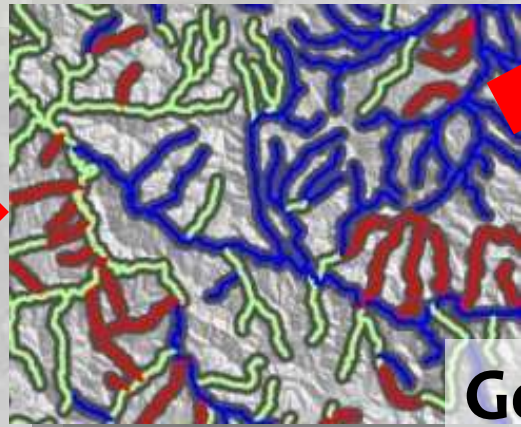


Website: VIC Streamflow Scenarios

Ecological Flow Metrics



NHD+ stream segment resolution

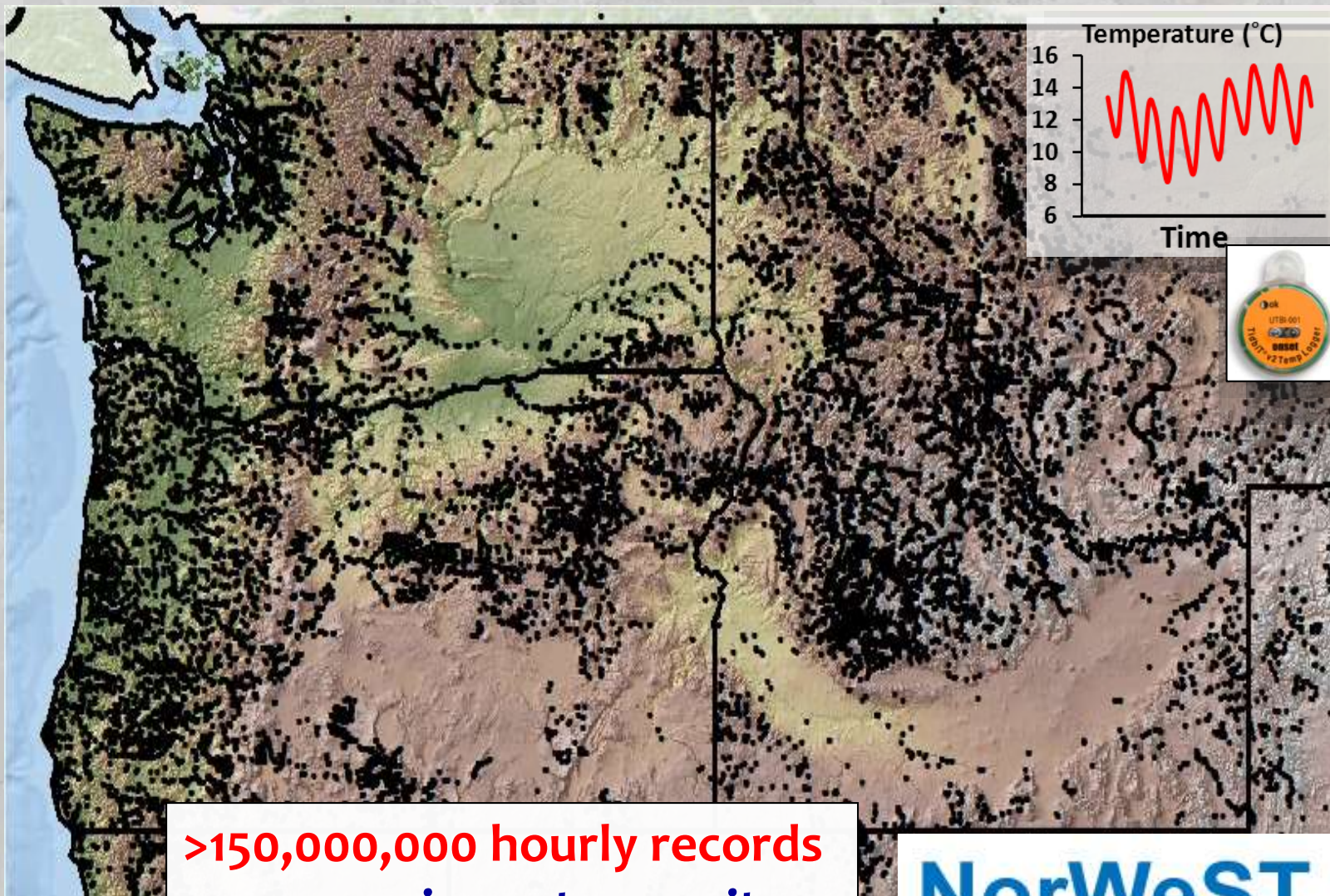


Google “Stream flow Metrics”

Website: http://www.fs.fed.us/rm/boise/AWAE/projects/modeled_stream_flow_metrics.shtml

Wenger et al. 2010. *Water Resources Research* 46, W09513

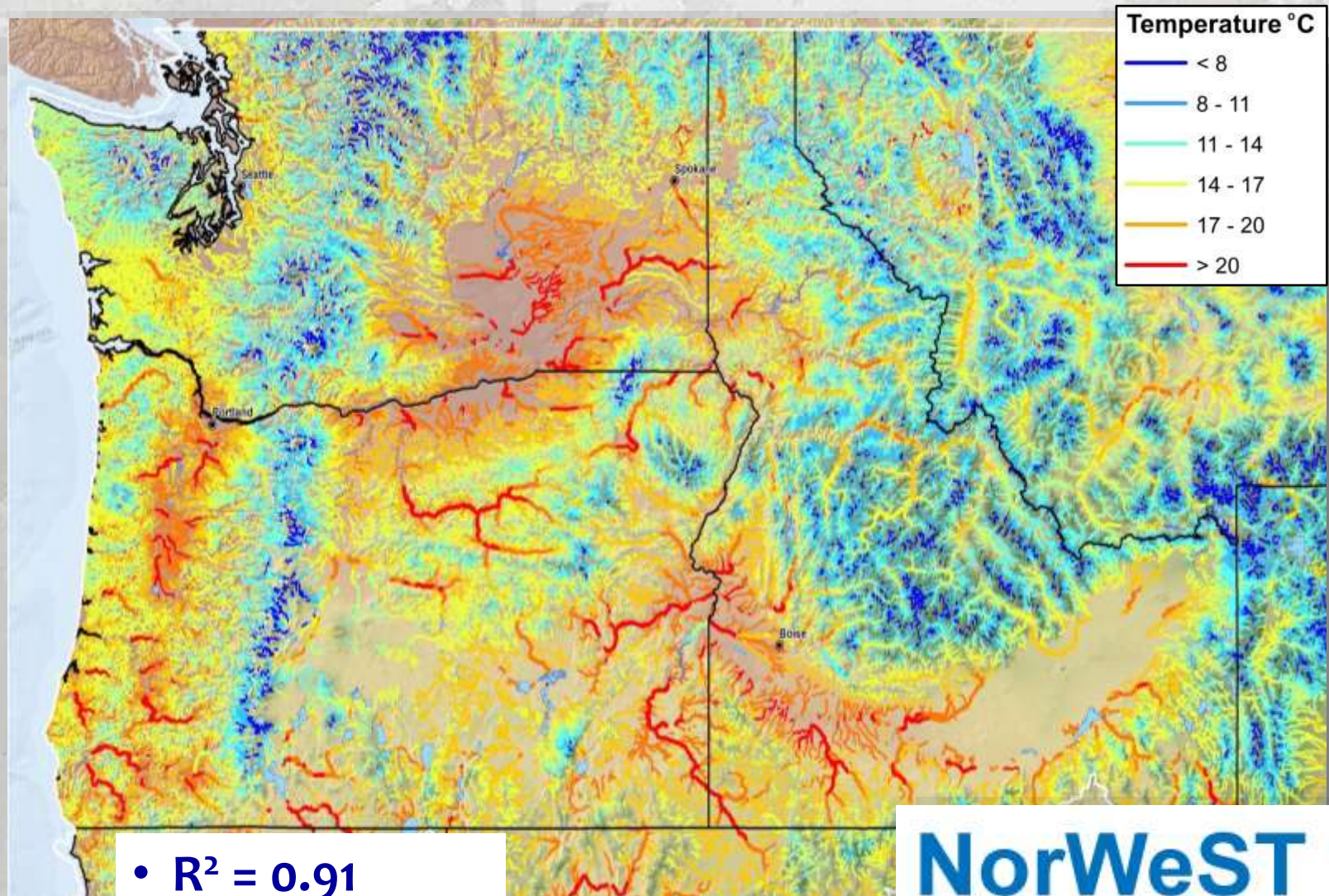
Stream & River Temperature Data



>150,000,000 hourly records
>15,000 unique stream sites
>100 resource agencies

NorWeST
Stream Temp

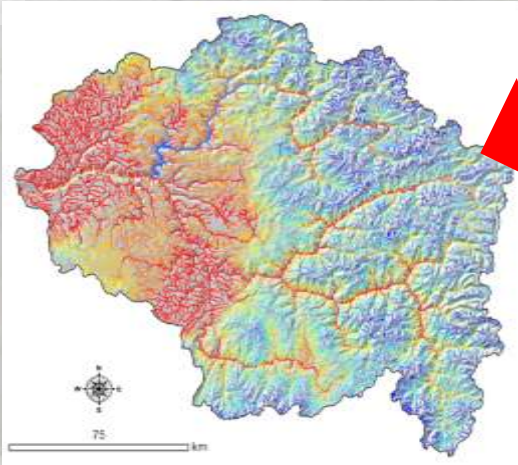
High-Resolution Stream Scenarios



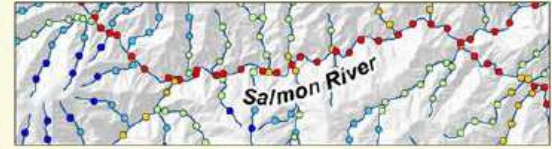
- $R^2 = 0.91$
- $RMSE = 1.0^{\circ}C$

Website: Temperature Scenarios & Data in User-Friendly Formats

1) GIS shapefiles of stream temperature scenarios

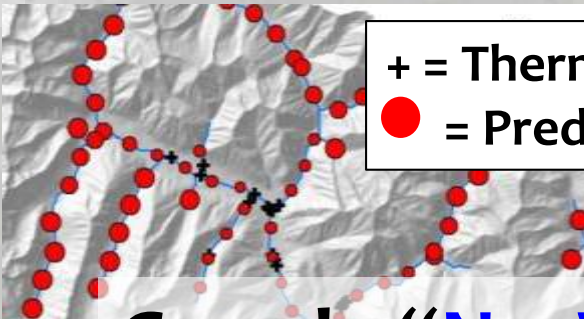


NorWeST
Stream Temp



Regional Database and Modeled Stream Temperatures

2) GIS shapefiles of stream temperature model prediction precision



+ = Thermograph
● = Prediction SE

3) Temperature data summaries

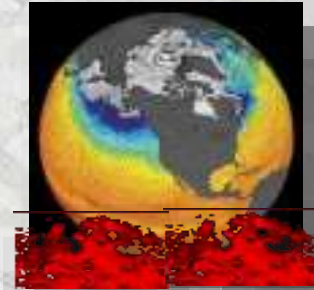
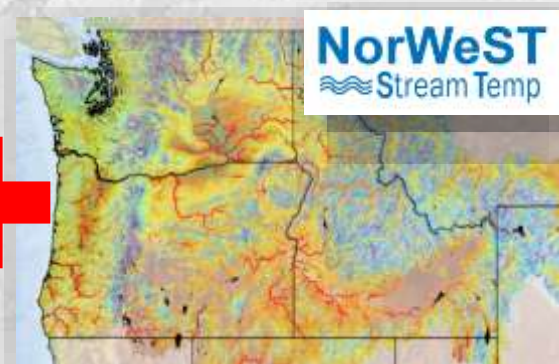
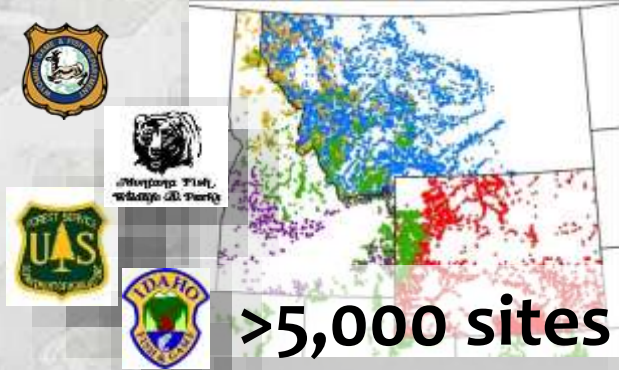


Google “**NorWeST**” or go here...

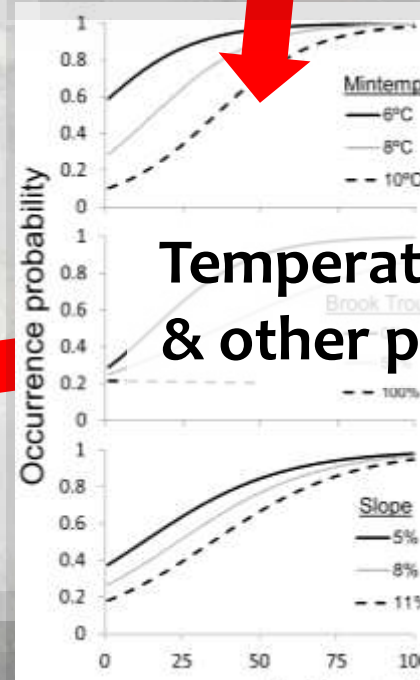
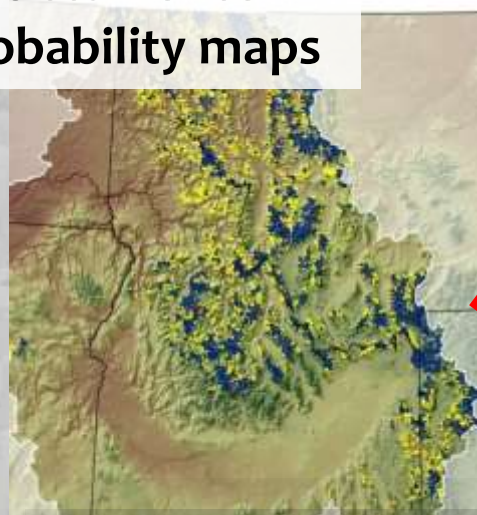
<http://www.fs.fed.us/rm/boise/AWAE/projects/NorWeST.shtml>

Stream Scenarios Enable Accurate Fish Distribution Models

BIG FISH DATA



Occurrence probability maps



Temperature, flow & other predictors

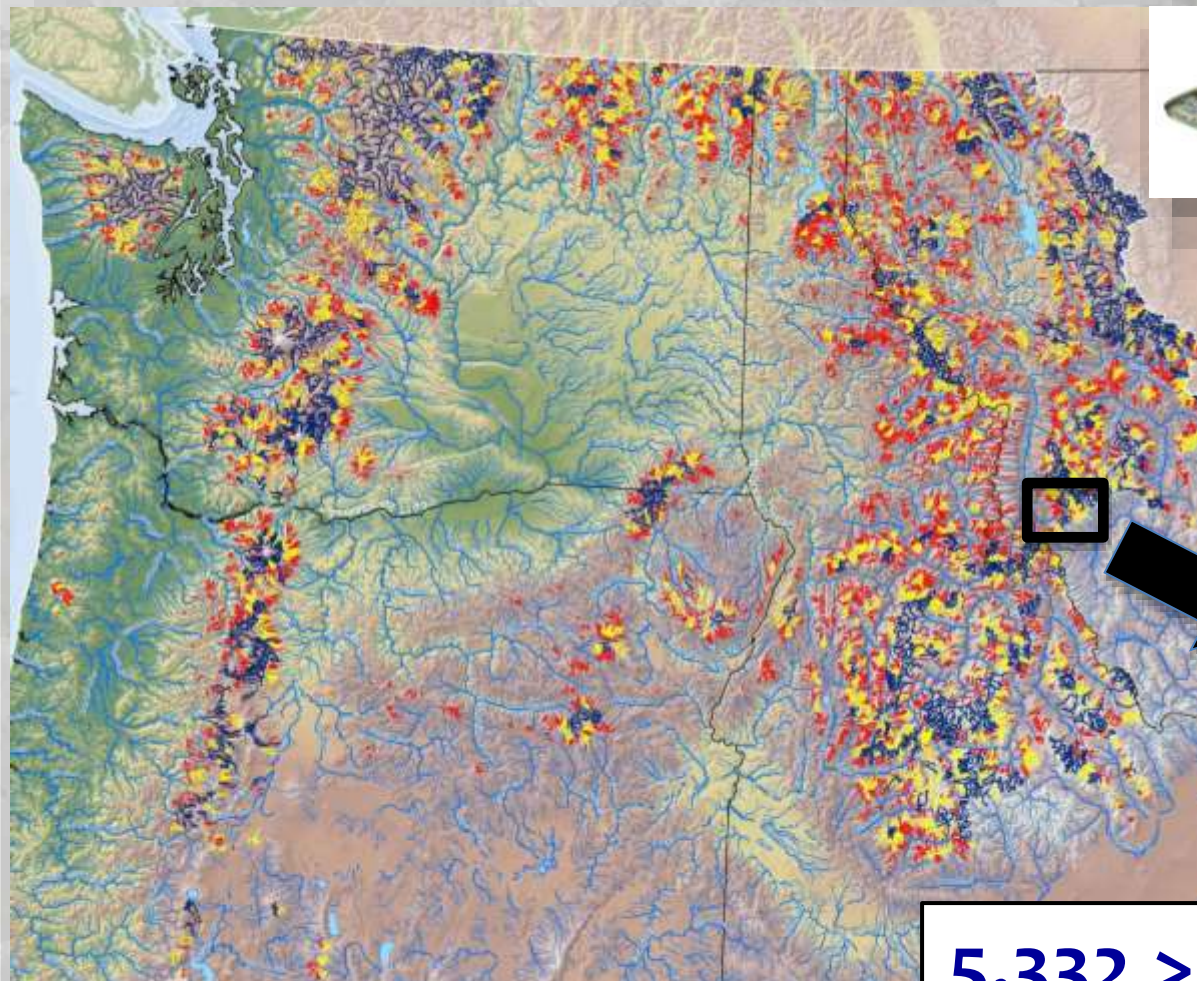


Isaak et al. 2015. The cold-water climate shield: Delineating refugia for preserving native trout through the 21st Century. *Global Change Biology* 21 : 2540-2553.

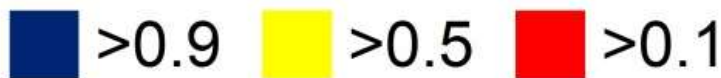
Bull Trout Climate Probability Map 1980s



Stream
population scale
predictions



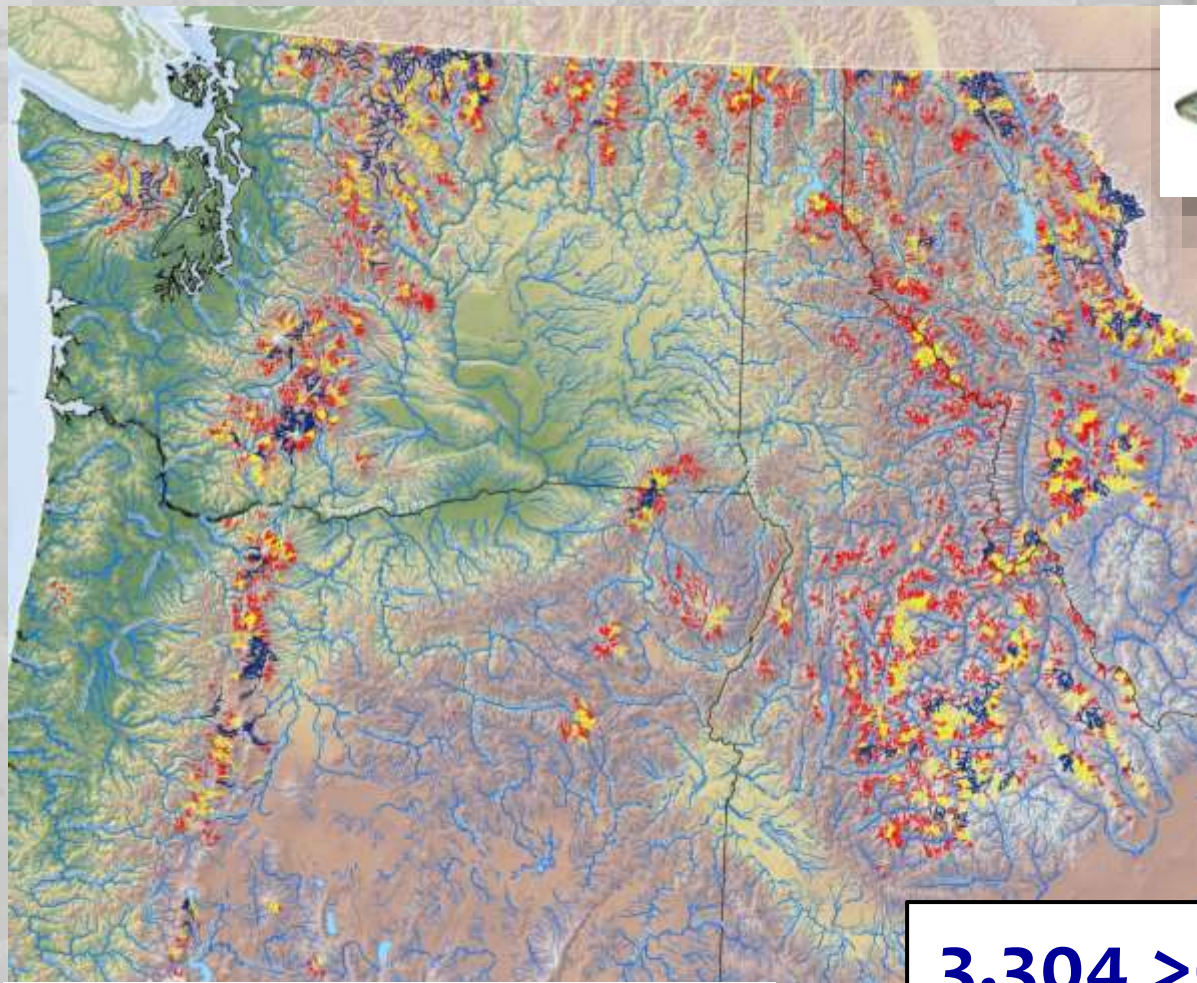
Population Occurrence



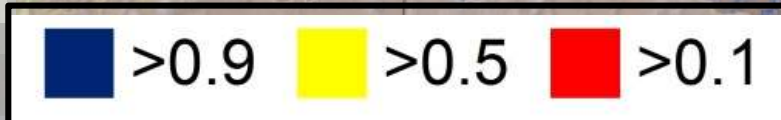
5,332 >0.1 habitats
1,325 >0.5 habitats
348 >0.9 habitats



Bull Trout Climate Probability Map 2040s



Population Occurrence



3,304 >0.1 habitats
641 >0.5 habitats
130 >0.9 habitats



Bull Trout Climate Probability Map 2080s

North Cascades



Flathead

Walla Walla

Metolius

Central Idaho

**Extreme
Change
Scenario!**



reference

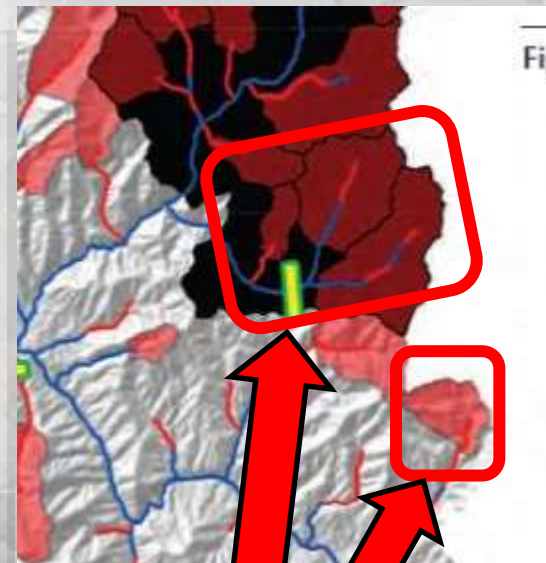


2,712 >0.1 habitats
460 >0.5 habitats
62 >0.9 habitats



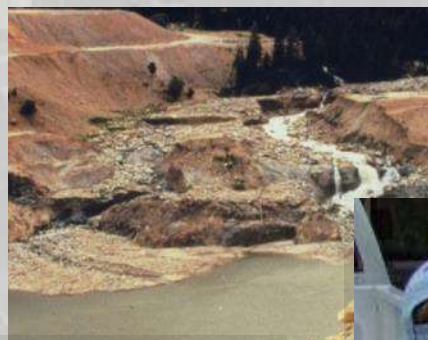
Many Conservation Investment Options Once we Know “Where”

- Maintaining/restoring flow...
- Maintaining/restoring riparian...
- Restoring channel form/function...
- Prescribed burns limit wildfire risks...
- Non-native species control...
- Improve/impede fish passage...

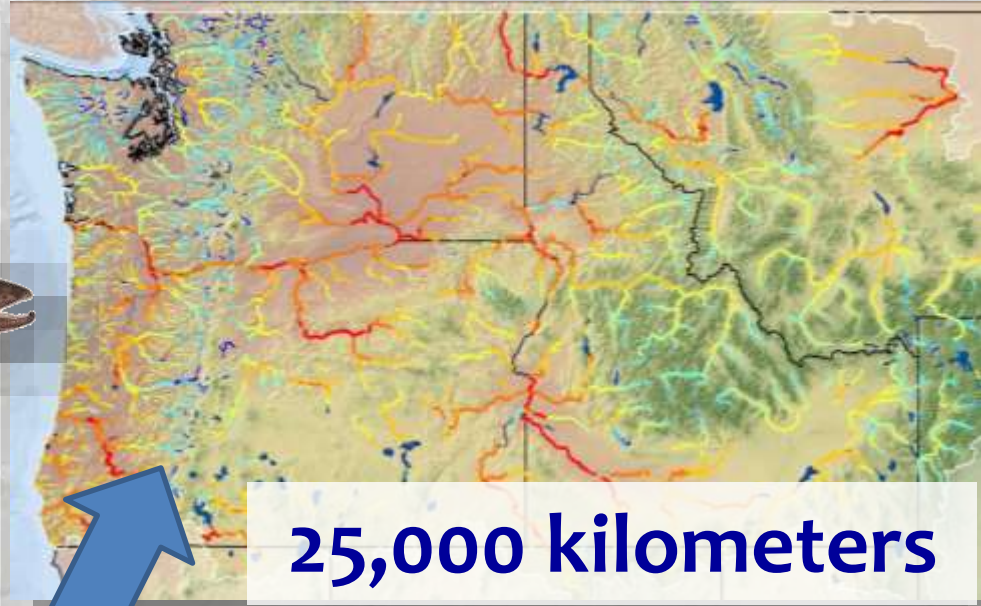
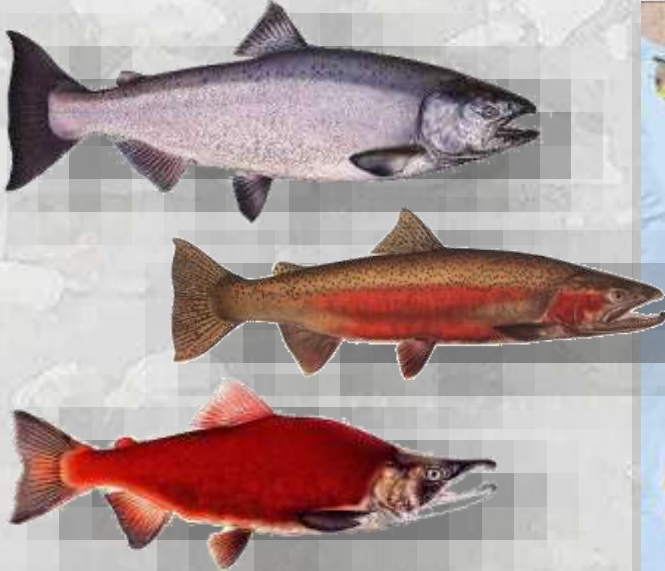


I'm going to invest here...

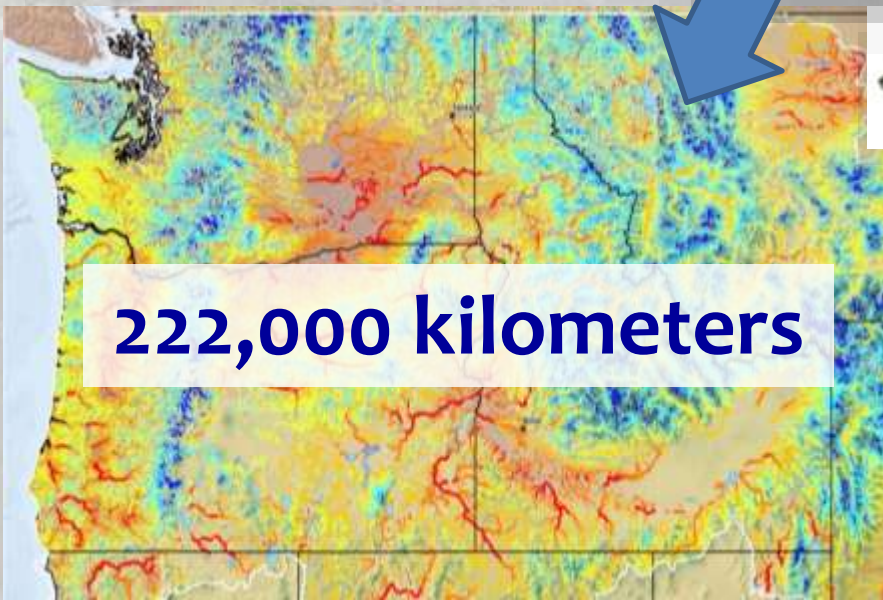
...not here



Refuge Concept for Big Fish in Big Rivers



25,000 kilometers



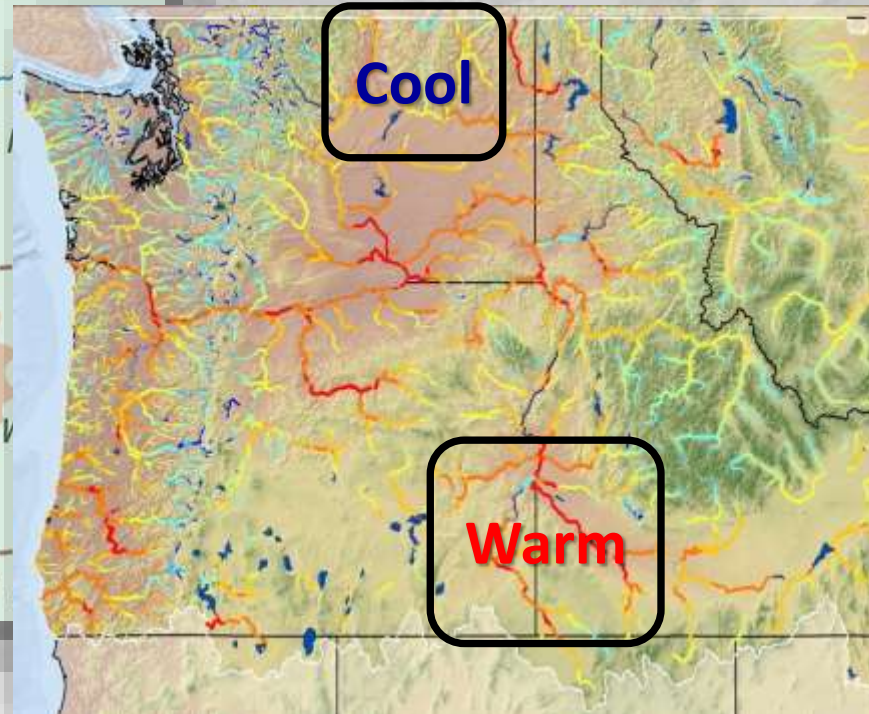
222,000 kilometers



- Abundant high elevation refuges
- Body size not limiting
- Life cycle includes small areas

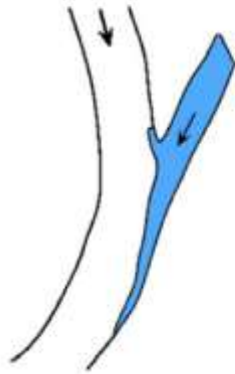


Large Scale: Some **Cool** Salmon Rivers Blocked



Small scale: Cold Micro-refugia are Migration Waypoints **Why Not Map Them all in PNW Rivers?**

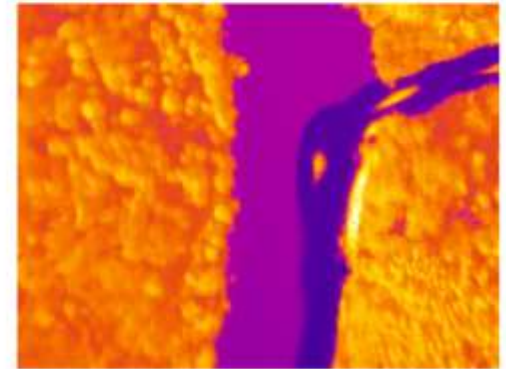
Schematic



Optical image example



TIR image example



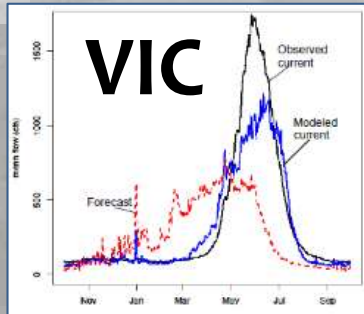
Technology exists & is becoming cheaper...



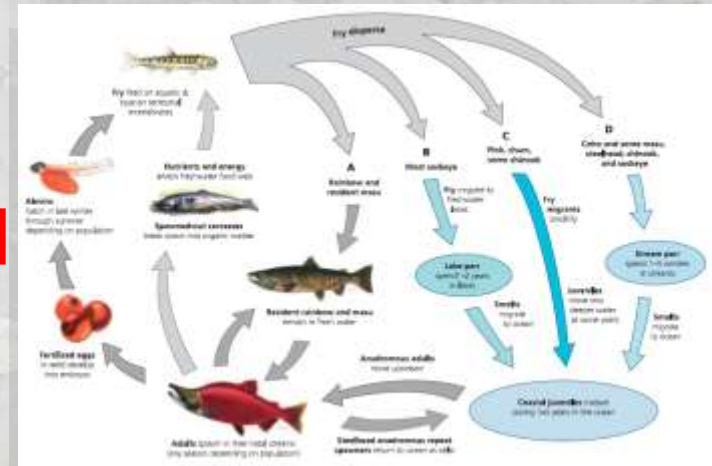
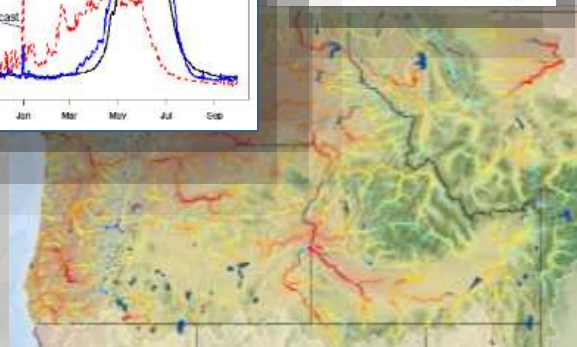
Drone mounted cameras

Torgersen et al. 1999; 2012

Integrate Salmon Models & Data with Stream Climate Scenarios



NorWeST
Stream Temp



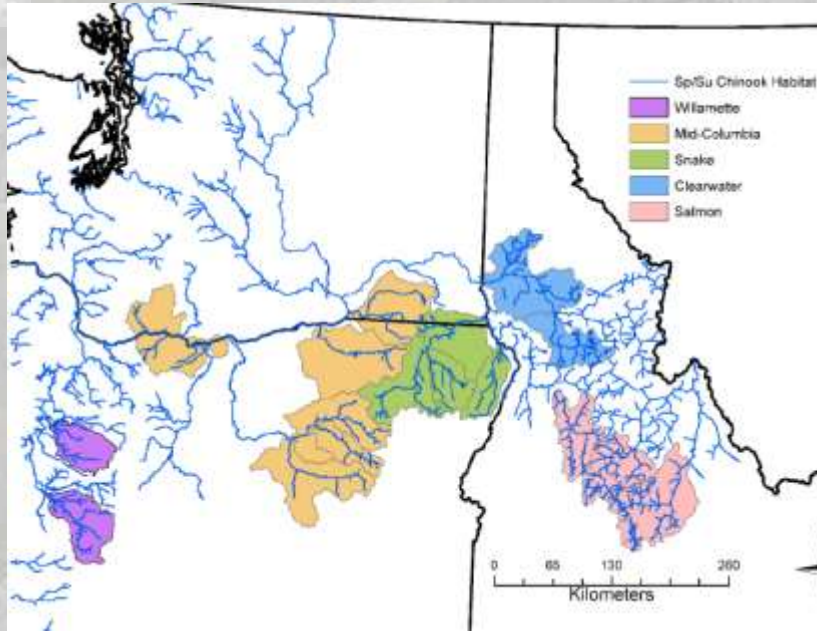
Yes



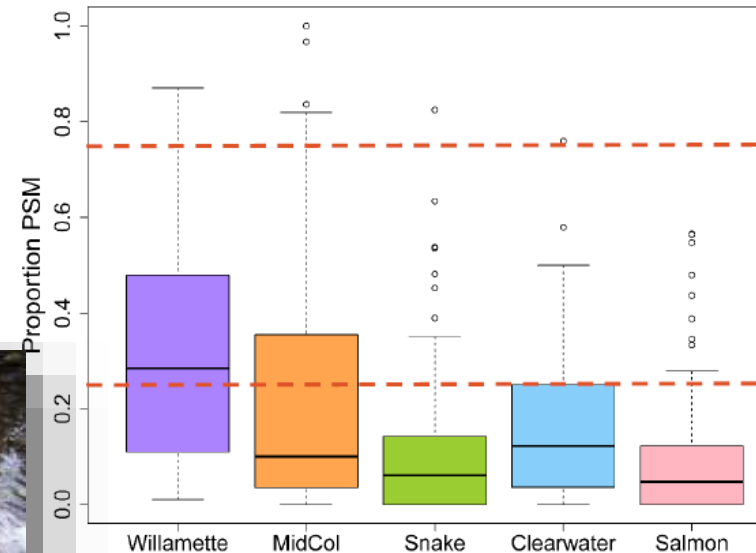
NO

Spatially explicit predictions for investment planning...

An Example Pre-Spawn Mortality

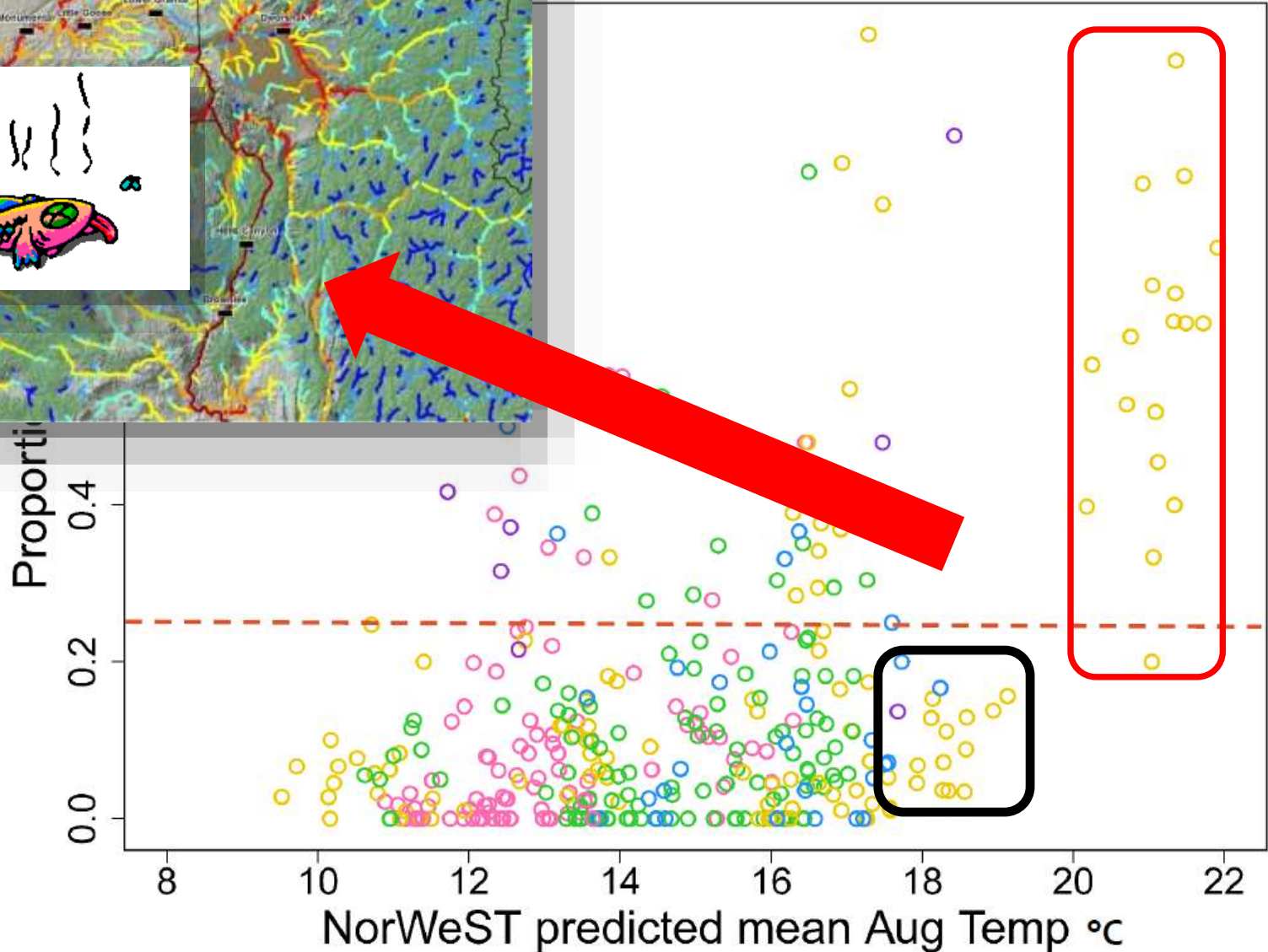
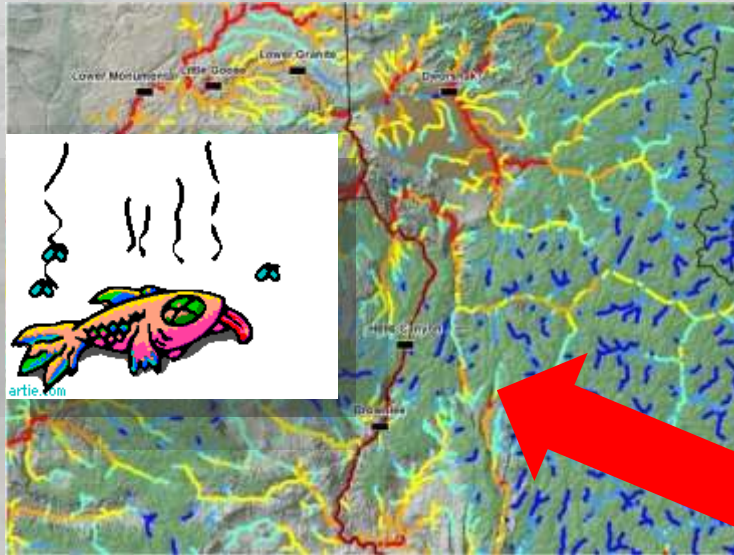


450 site years of PSM data
8 different agencies
3 ESUs



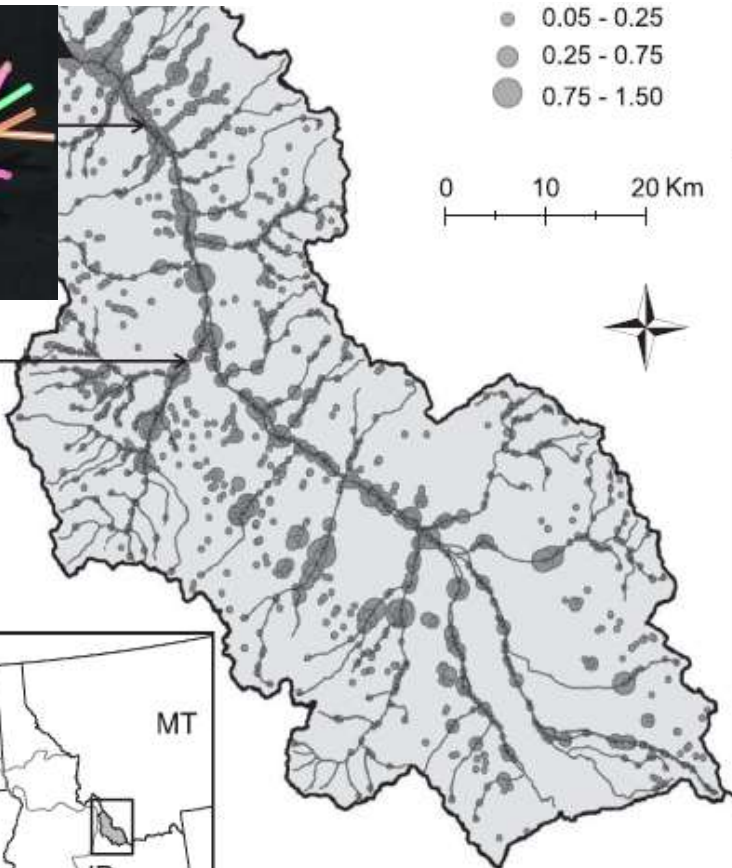
Bowerman, Keefer, & Caudill (U. Idaho)

An Example Pre-Spawn Mortality

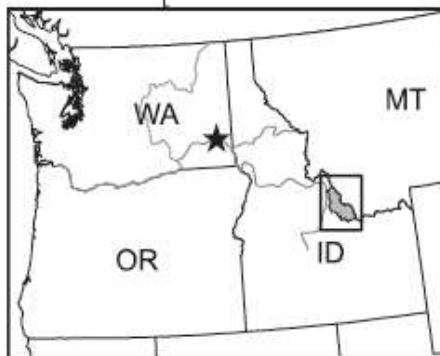


More **Summer** Water Keeps Streams **Cooler**

Many Straws in the Drink...



Hayden Cr.



Diversion sites

- 0.05 - 0.25
- 0.25 - 0.75
- 0.75 - 1.50

0 10 20 Km



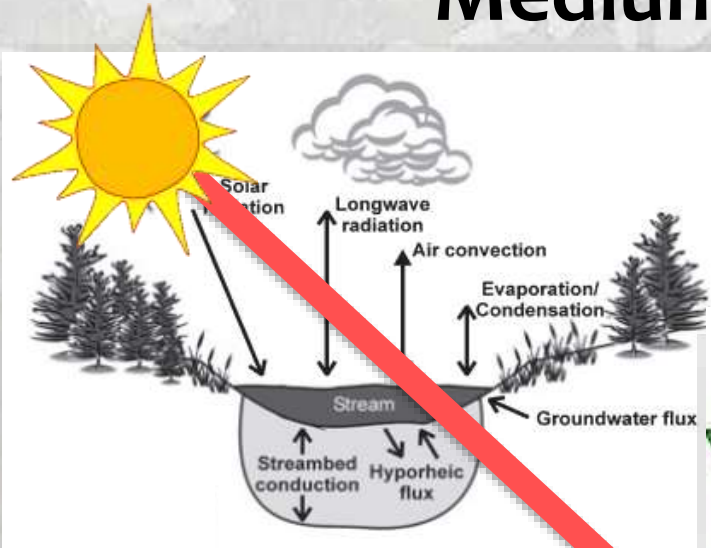
Modernize Water Systems...



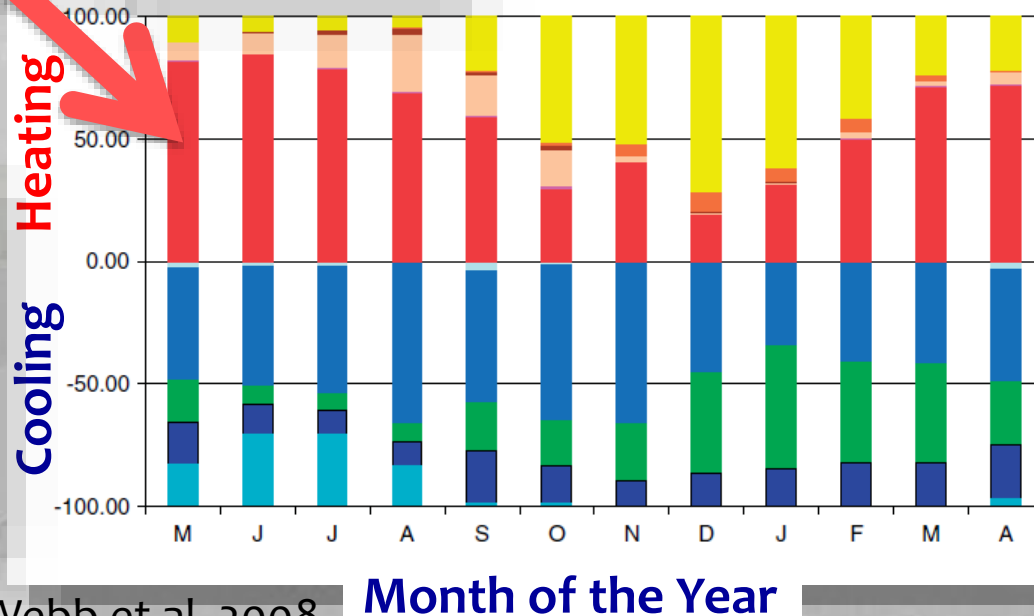
Purchase Water Rights



Riparian Restoration to Cool Small & Medium Sized Salmon Rivers



Shading is THE most important factor...



Webb et al. 2008

Month of the Year

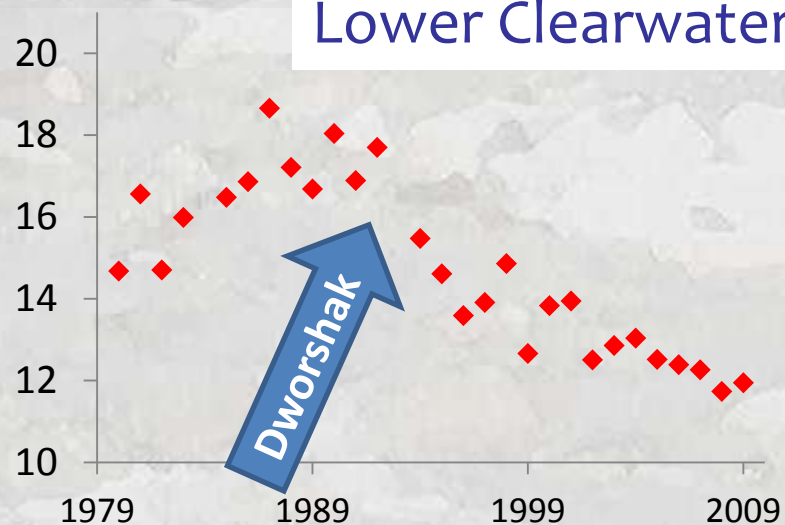
Options for Cooling Largest Rivers are Limited...

Icebergs

Artificial Icebergs



Lower Clearwater

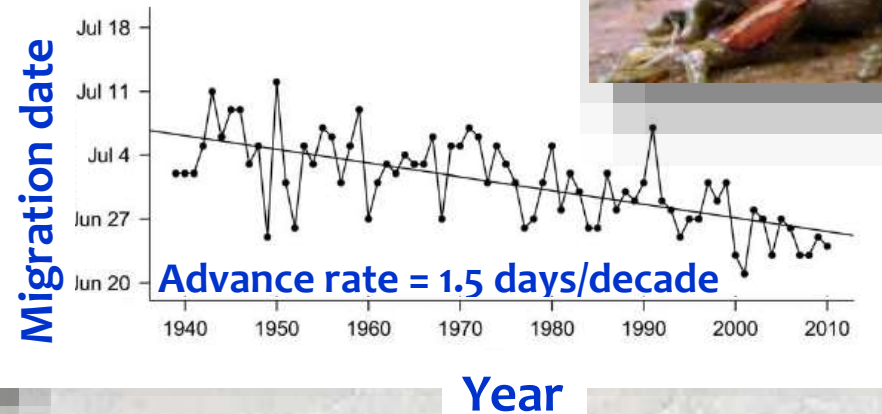


★ Deep reservoir needed for cold water creation

Accelerate Evolution?

Hatchery selection of

migration timing



Trait

Evolutionary Potential

Heat tolerance

Low

Disease resistance

Low to moderate

Upstream migration timing

High

Spawning date

High

Emergence date

Low

Juvenile growth

Low

Downstream migration timing

?

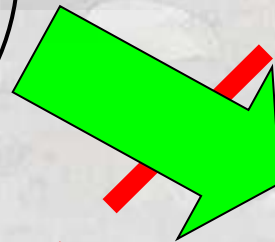
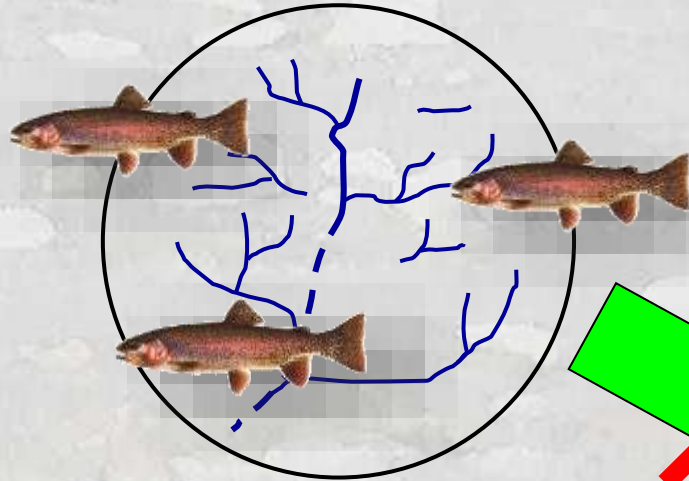
Ocean residence

?

Crozier et al. 2008

Adjust our Mindset...

We can't save everything, everywhere



**Sorry
Charlie**

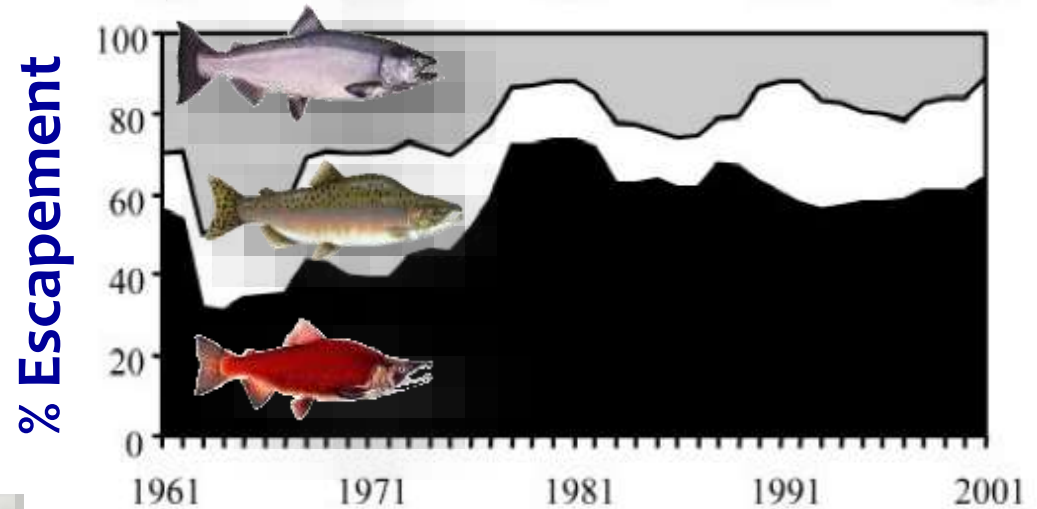


**Don't feed the
zombies**



Biocomplexity Will Provide a Buffer

Extinction is unlikely...



... But some species (or runs) may experience long-term declines



Summer runs



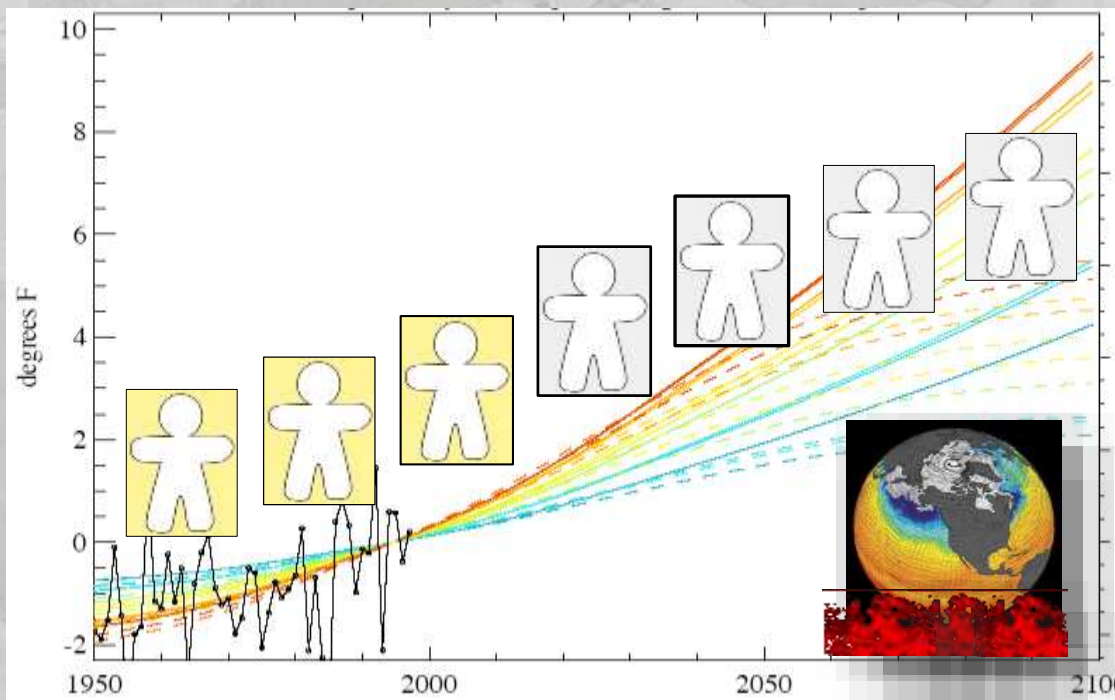
Fall/winter runs



Inter-Agency, Collaborative Spirit will Be Needed... PNW is a World Leader



Inter-Generational Commitment



This can be our
Finest Century

