Effectiveness of the Federal-Tribal Relationship: Implications for Adaptive Management

Monitoring and Reporting Team

- USDI Bureau of Land Management

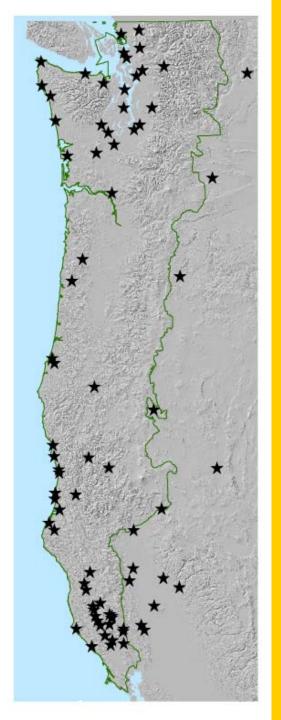
 Oregon State Office
- USDA Forest Service
 - Region Five
 - Region Six
 - Six Rivers National Forest
- Tribe Members

- Background and Pilot Study
- Key Monitoring Items
- Key Findings
- Implications for Adaptive Management
- Improved Monitoring



Background

- 76 Tribes
 - Employment
 - Subsistence
 - Cultural Identity
- Must be consulted



Key Monitoring Items (ROD)

- Condition and trend of American Indian trust resources
- Effectiveness of coordination to protect religious or cultural heritage sites
- Adequacy of access to resources and to religious or cultural sites

Key Monitoring Items (2000)

Examples:

- Procedural compliance
- Cooperative relationships
- Interagency consistency
- Response to specific needs
- Accommodation

Participating Tribes and Tribal Organizations – Pilot Study

Intertribal Timber Council

Washington

- Muckleshoot Indian Tribe
- Quileute Tribe
- Quinault Tribe
- Tulalip Tribes
- Tribes and Bands of Yakama Nation
- Skagit System Cooperative

Oregon

- Coquille Tribe
- Tribes of Warms Springs Reservation

California

Hoopa Valley Tribe

Participating Agencies- Pilot Study

- US Environmental Protection Agency
- US Fish and Wildlife Service
- National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries)
- Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Bureau of Land Management
- Bureau of Reclamation
- Army Corps of Engineers
- US Forest Service
- National Park Service
- Natural Resources Conservation Service

Participating Tribes - Initial Phase

- Washington
 - Quinault Tribe
 - Lower Elwha Tribal Community
 - Lummi Tribe
 - Quileute Tribe
 - Makah Tribe

Participating Tribes Initial Phase

- Oregon
 - Confederated Tribes of Grande Ronde
 - Coquille Tribe

Participating Tribes 2003-2004

California

- Bear River Band of Rohnerville Rancheria
- Blue Lake Rancheria
- Karuk Tribe
- Round Valley Indian Tribes
- Table Bluff Reservation Wiyot Tribe
- Upper Lake Band of Pomo Indians
- Yurok Tribe
- Hoopa Valley Tribe



Key Findings

• Enhanced federal-tribal contact

Improved fisheries and water quality

Instances of accommodation



Implications for Adaptive Management

- Inconsistencies
- Fire management
- Access
- Tribal knowledge
- Broadening consultation

- Regulatory agencies
- Sensitive information
- "Informal consultation"
- Adaptive Management Areas



Larger-Scale Issues

Freedom of Information Act

National Environmental Policy Act

Resource Advisory Committees

Consultation at the national level



Improved Monitoring

Protocols

Review

Reporting

