



USDA Forest Service National Seed Laboratory



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Seed cleaning and germination testing for the restoration of ground layer plants in a Longleaf Pine ecosystem

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Ground Layer Plants Project

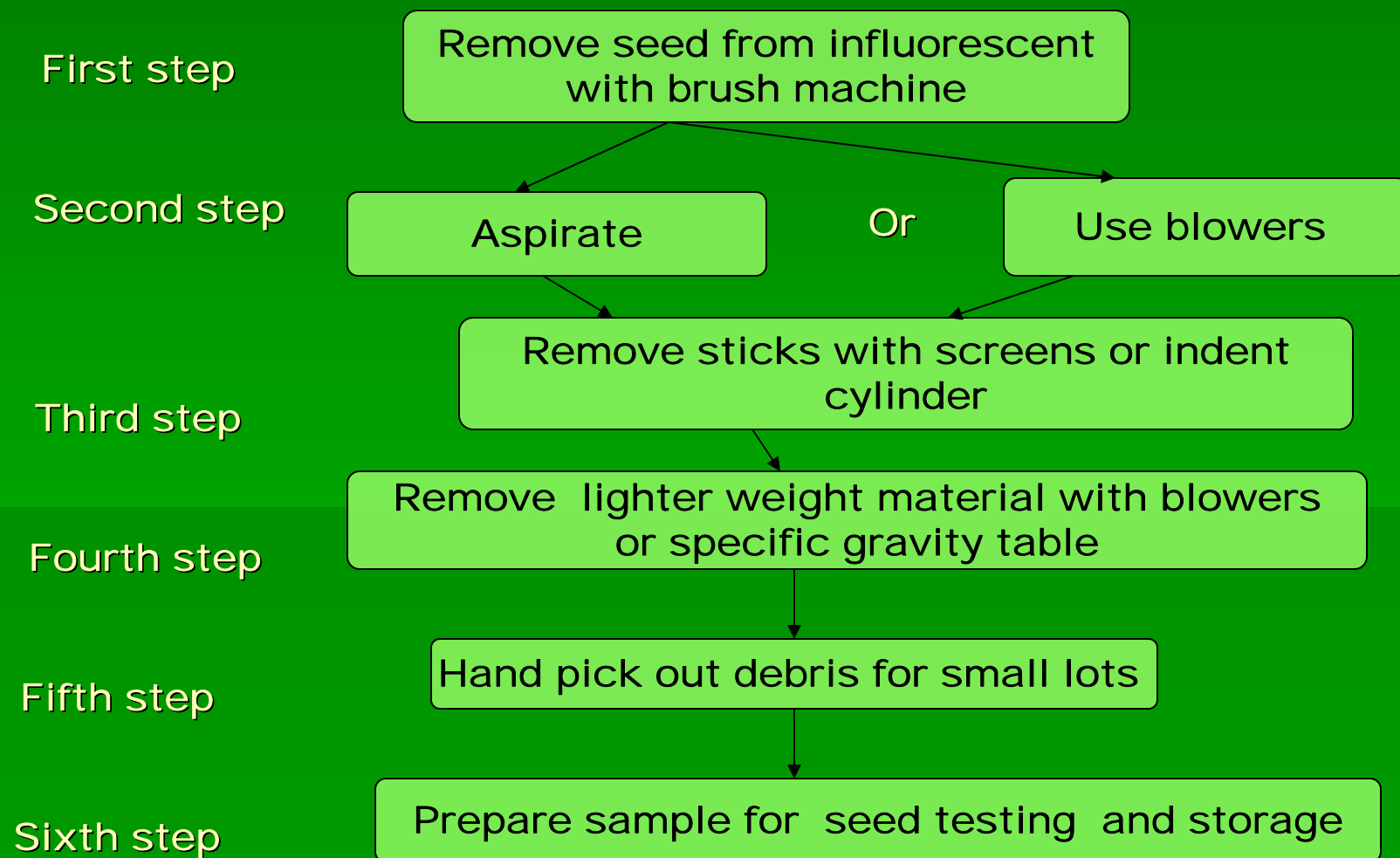
- 39 species of ground layer plants
- Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina
- Seed collection
- Seed cleaning
- Laboratory and nursery germination
- Nursery propagation
- Outplanting



26 Genera of ground layer plants

- *Amsonia*
- *Aristida*
- *Aster*
- *Baptisia*
- *Chamaecrista*
- *Chrysopsis*
- *Coreopsis*
- *Desmodium*
- *Eupatorium*
- *Galactia*
- *Lespedeza*
- *Liatris*
- *Manfreda*
- *Mimosa*
- *Paspalum*
- *Pityopsis*
- *Polygonella*
- *Saccharum*
- *Schizachyrium*
- *Silphium*
- *Solidago*
- *Sorghastrum*
- *Sporobolus*
- *Tephrosia*
- *Tetragonotheca*
- *Vernonia*

Flow chart of seed conditioning





Brush machine to extract seed from fruits

Conditioning Equipment



Brush machine



Screens



Aspirator



Indent cylinder



Scarifier



Blowers

Amsonia ciliata, fringed bluestar



Aster tortifolius, white top aster



Coresopsis major, tickseed



Seed coming out chute



Aspirating seed

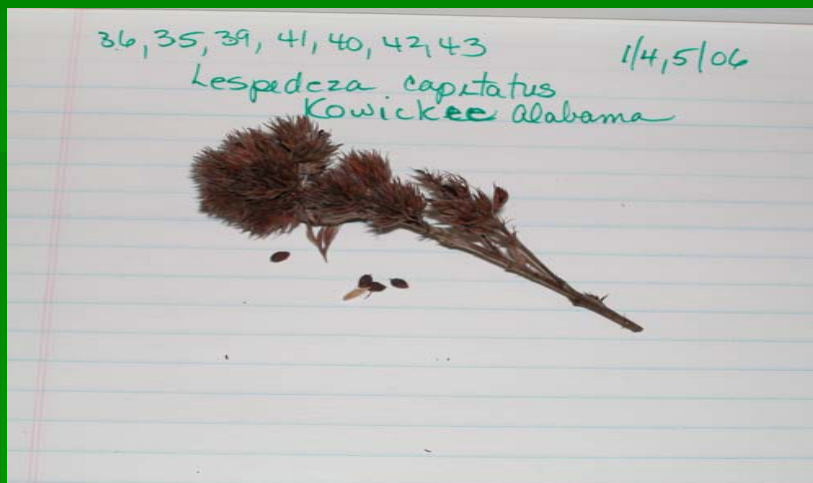


Cleaned seed and trash

Chrysopsis gossypina, Cottony goldenaster



Lespedeza capitata



Seed



Picking out small trash

Lespedeza hirta, hairy lespedeza



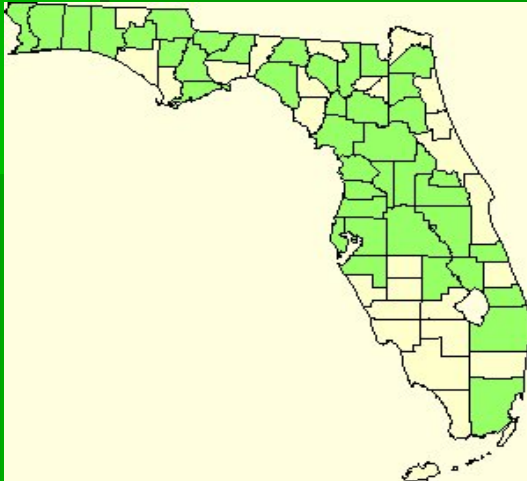
Liatris tenuifolia, blazing star



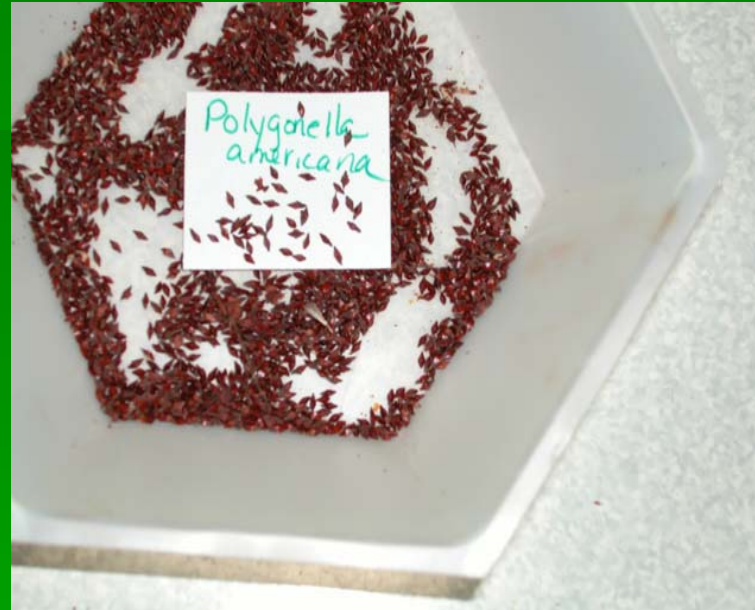
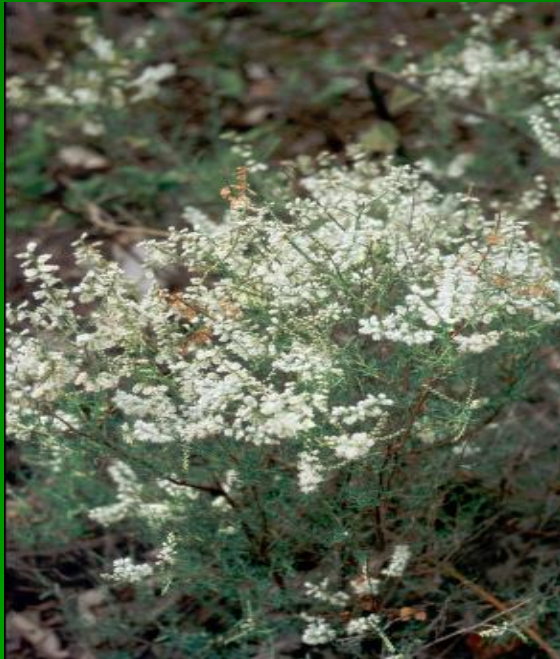
Mimosa quadrivalvis, sensitive briar

Mimosa quadrivalvis var. *angustata*

Photo by Walter K. Taylor,
from his book: *Florida Wildflowers
In Their Natural Communities*



Polygonella americana, southern jointweed



Schizachyrium scoparium, little bluestem



Seed coming chute
end of machine



Flowers with seed



Cleaned seed

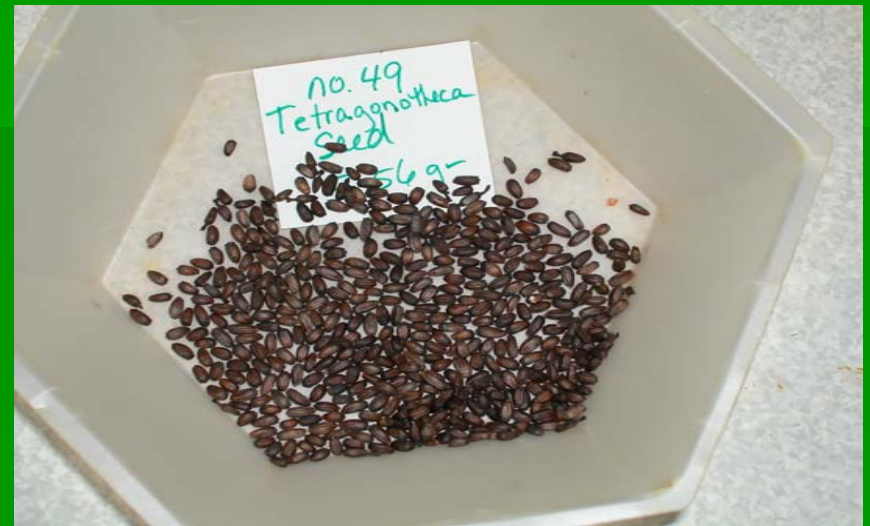
Sorghastrum nutans, Indian grass



Tephrosia virginiana, Goat's Rue



Tetragonotheca helianthoides



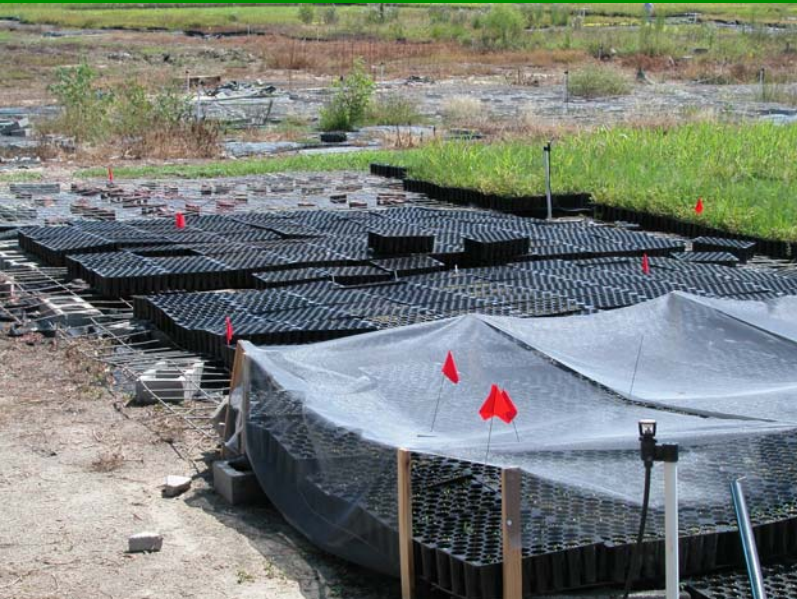
Vernonia angustifolia, tall ironweed



American Tree Seedling Nursery



Ground layer plant nursery germination experiment



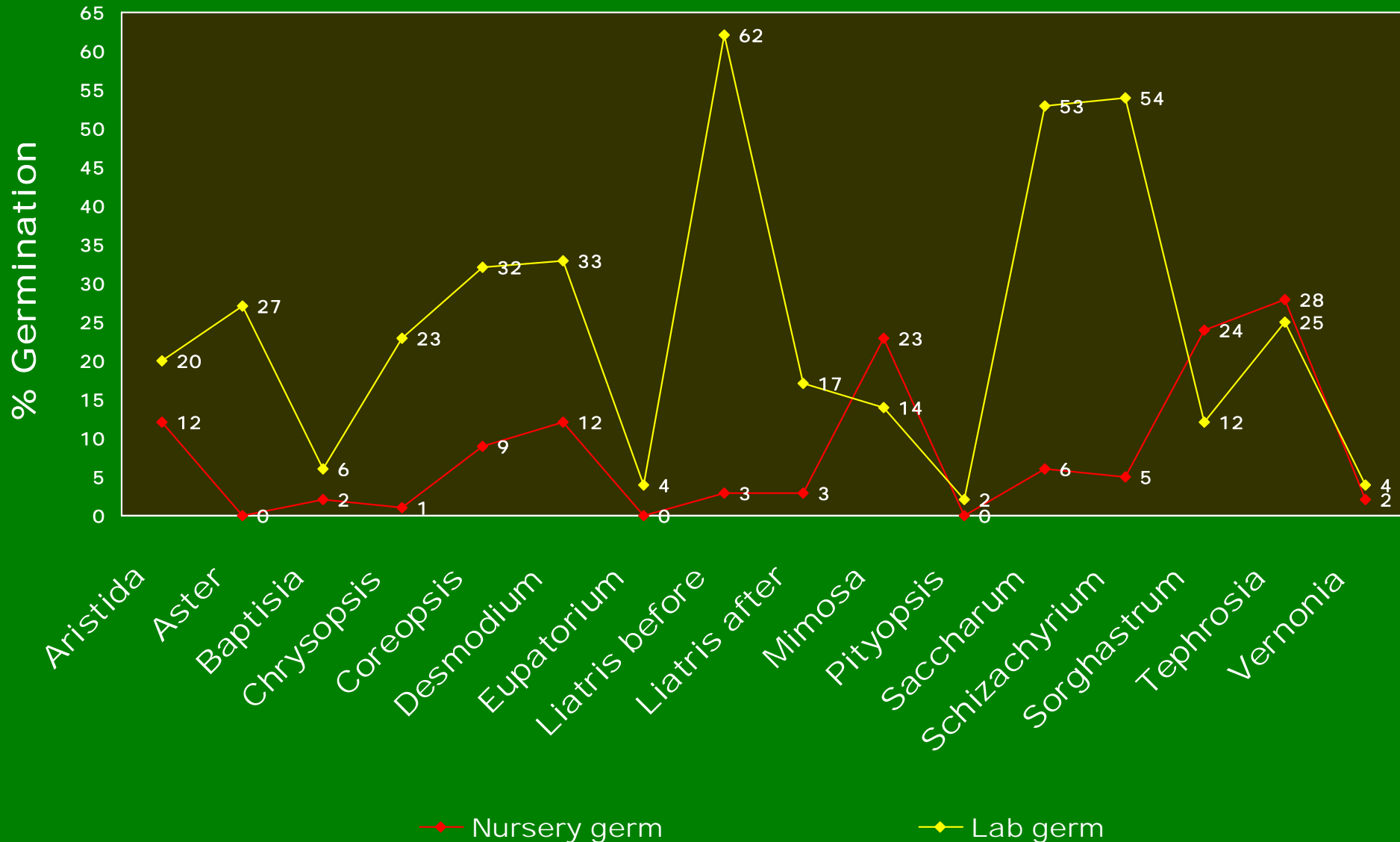
Nursery Seedlings



Nursery and Laboratory Germination Results

Species	Nursery % germ	Lab % germ	Comments	Comments
<i>Aristida condensata</i>	12	20		355 dormant after test
<i>Aster tortifolius</i>	0	27 20	No prechill; 28 day prechill	
<i>Baptisia lanceolata</i>	2	6 11	Brown Green	61% dormant 73% dormant
<i>Chrysopsis gossypina</i>	1	23	40% after cleaning	
<i>Coreopsis major</i>	9	32	65% dormant	27% after cleaning
<i>Desmodium spp.</i>	12	33 22	Brown Green	
<i>Eupatorium album</i>	0	4	40% dormant	
<i>Liatrix secunda</i>	3	62	Before cleaning	17% after cleaning
<i>Mimosa quadrivalvis</i>	23	14		
<i>Pityopsis graminifolia</i>	0	2		
<i>Saccharum alopecuroides</i>	6	53 16	Caryopsis Whole seed	
<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>	5	54 49	Caryopsis Whole seed	
<i>Sorghastrum nutans/ secundum</i>	24	12	Caryopsis	11% after cleaning
<i>Tephrosia virginiana</i>	28	25		
<i>Vernonia angustifolia</i>	2	4	After cleaning	

Lab and Nursery Germination



Conclusions

- Use a softer mantle in brush machine for *Liatris*
- *Asteraceae* family difficult to clean- brush machine creates much debris
- Grasses clean easily in brush machine
- For multiple runs through brush machine, screen seed between each run to prevent seed damage
- Legumes clean easily in brush machine and Forsberg scarifier



Future of project

- Collect more seed but from fewer plants
- Determine best time to collect seeds
- Expand collection sites
- Fine tune the conditioning process
- Germination tests at different temperatures and prechilling
- Determine best time of year to plant seeds
- Fine tune nursery propagation
- Monitor nursery seedlings in the field