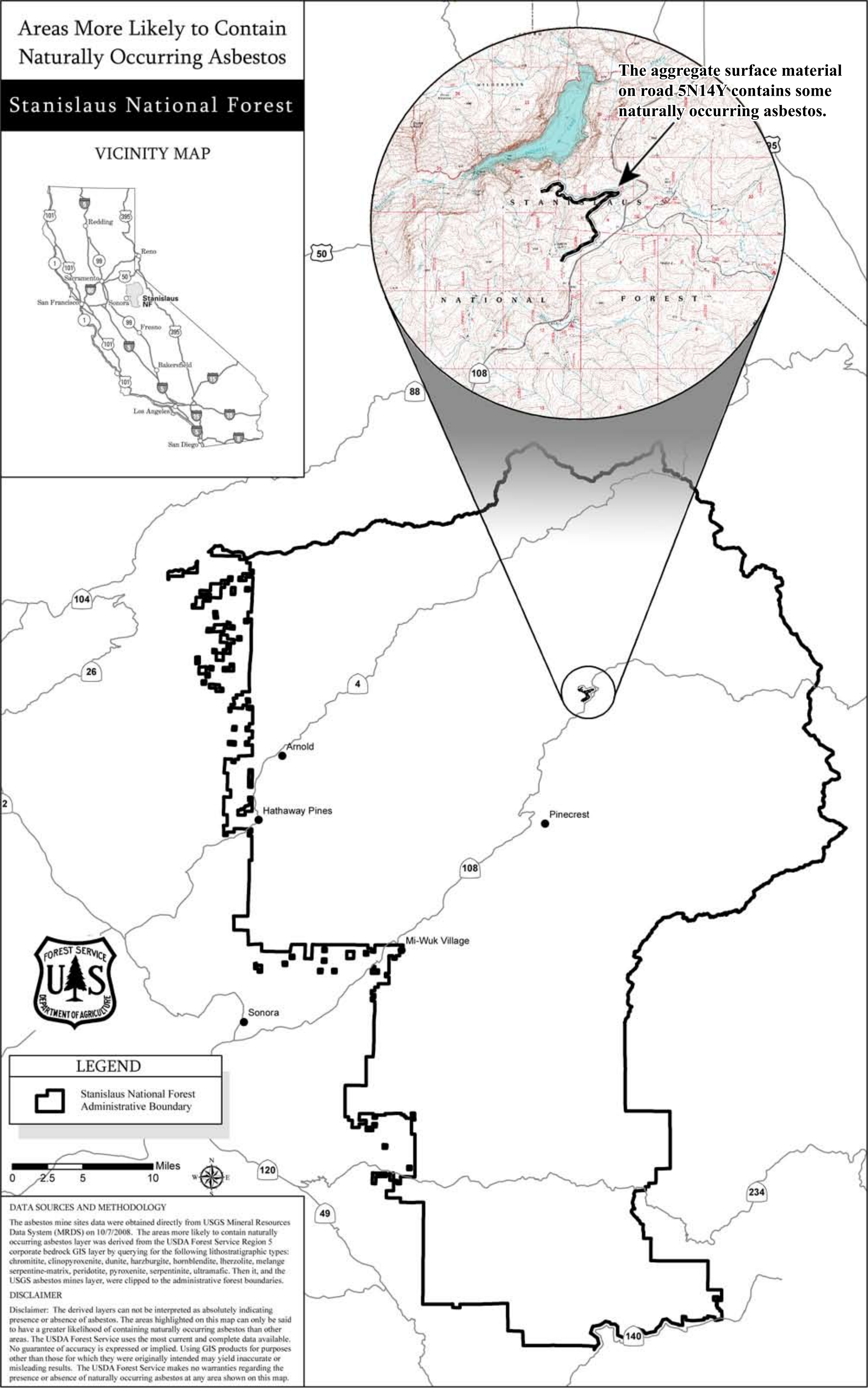
Areas More Likely to Contain Naturally Occurring Asbestos

Stanislaus National Forest



DATA SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

The asbestos mine sites data were obtained directly from USGS Mineral Resources Data System (MRDS) on 10/7/2008. The areas more likely to contain naturally occurring asbestos layer was derived from the USDA Forest Service Region 5 corporate bedrock GIS layer by querying for the following lithostratigraphic types: chromitite, clinopyroxenite, dunite, harzburgite, hornblendite, lherzolite, melange serpentine-matrix, peridotite, pyroxenite, serpentinite, ultramafic. Then it, and the USGS asbestos mines layer, were clipped to the administrative forest boundaries.

DISCLAIMER

Disclaimer: The derived layers can not be interpreted as absolutely indicating presence or absence of asbestos. The areas highlighted on this map can only be said to have a greater likelihood of containing naturally occurring asbestos than other areas. The USDA Forest Service uses the most current and complete data available. No guarantee of accuracy is expressed or implied. Using GIS products for purposes other than those for which they were originally intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results. The USDA Forest Service makes no warranties regarding the presence or absence of naturally occurring asbestos at any area shown on this map.