2019 HIGHLIGHTS OF TREE MORTALITY FROM INSECTS AND DISEASES AS SEEN BY AERIAL SURVEY

Approximately 41 million acres surveyed

PACIFIC SOUTHWEST REGION

WESTERN, MOUNTAIN, and JEFFREY PINE BEETLES

- Native insects which attack several pine species
- During the protracted drought of 2012-2016, these beetles reached outbreak levels, killing millions of trees in the Southern Sierra Nevada range; pine mortality has decreased but remains greatly elevated (~2x background levels)
- ★ Partnering with CALFIRE in state task forces to address forest health and resilience and to remove biomass from affected areas
- ★R5 developing strategy for whitebark pine

'ŌHI'A

RAPID 'ŌHI'A DEATH

- A devastating tree killer caused by a vascular wilt fungus
- Spread throughout the Big Island of Hawaii and now found to a much lesser extent on Kauai, Oahu, and Maui
- ★ Utilizing a new survey technology to map the extent of rapid 'ōhi'a death

15.1 MILLION

MILLION ACRES WITH **MORTALITY**

CALIFORNIA OAKS **GOLDSPOTTED OAK BORER**

- Invasive insect which attacks several western oak species
- First identified in San Diego County in 2008; now present in 4 additional counties
- 2019 mortality from aerial survey fairly consistent over last 4 years
- ★ Monitoring and treating high value individual trees

SUDDEN OAK DEATH Tree disease which kills several oak

- species and tanoak
- **Significant effects** in coastal forests in California and Oregon

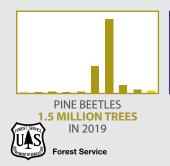
CALIFORNIA OAKS

- SOD mortality in 2018 and 2019 have been 3-6x higher than between 2012-
- ★Supporting partner efforts for survey and management

CALIFORNIA FIRS FIR ENGRAVER

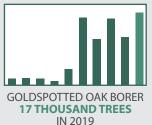
- Significantly impacting California red fir and white fir
- Fir engraver-caused mortality made up 82% of detected mortality in California in 2019
- ★ Providing support for pest suppression, hazard tree removal, and surveying

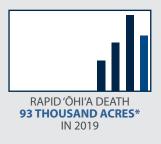
TREE MORTALITY SURVEY TRENDS 2010-2019











2019 INSECT AND DISEASE SURVEY

