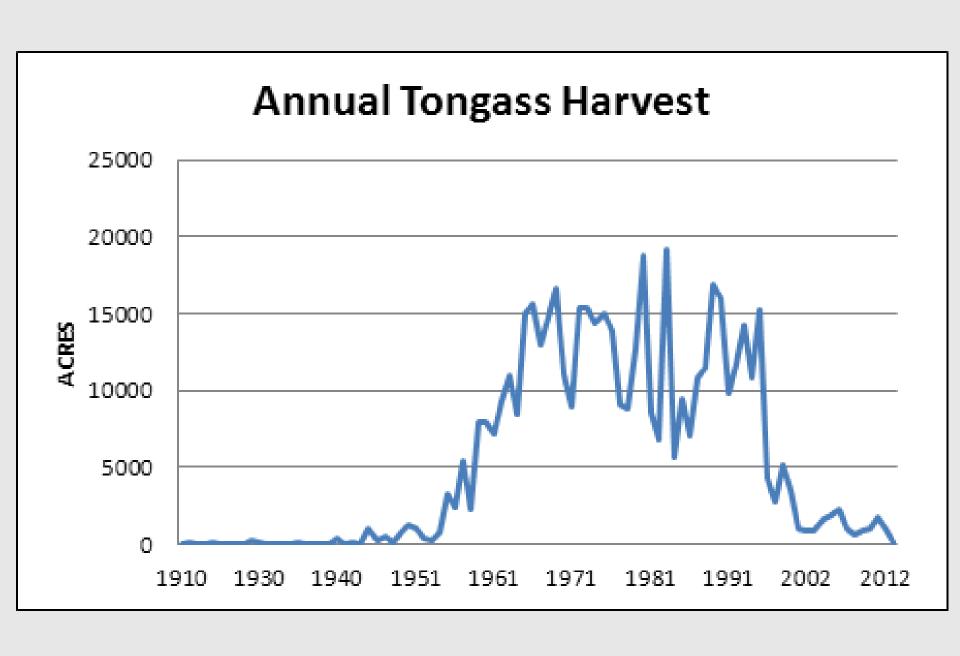
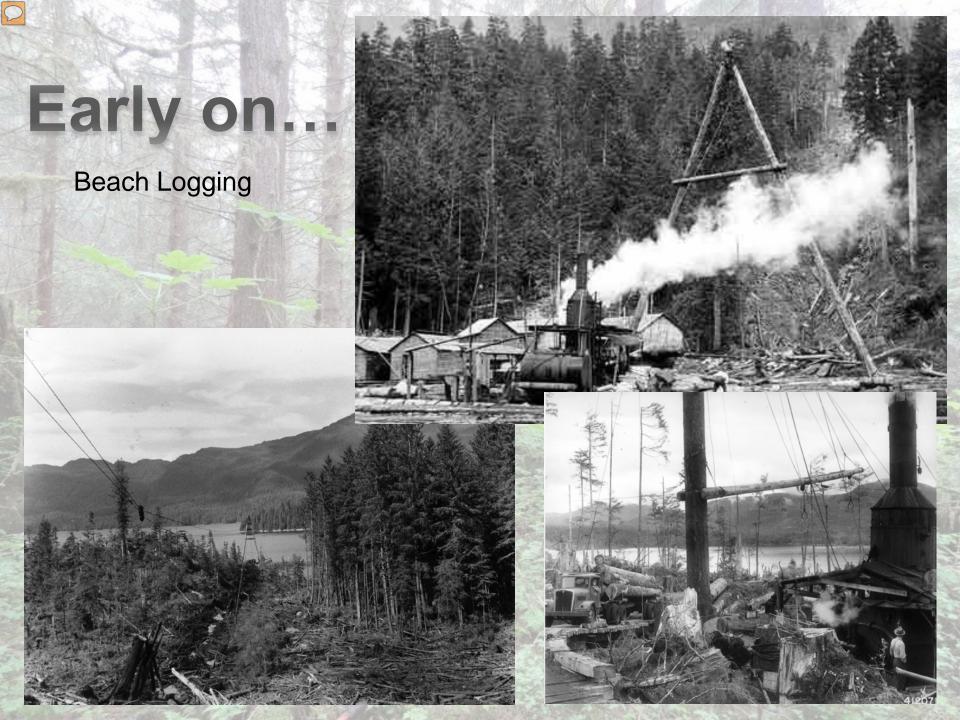


# Four main factors affecting a young growth stand:

- 1. Age
- 2. Past Management of the Stand
- 3. Site Productivity
- 4. Intermediate treatments

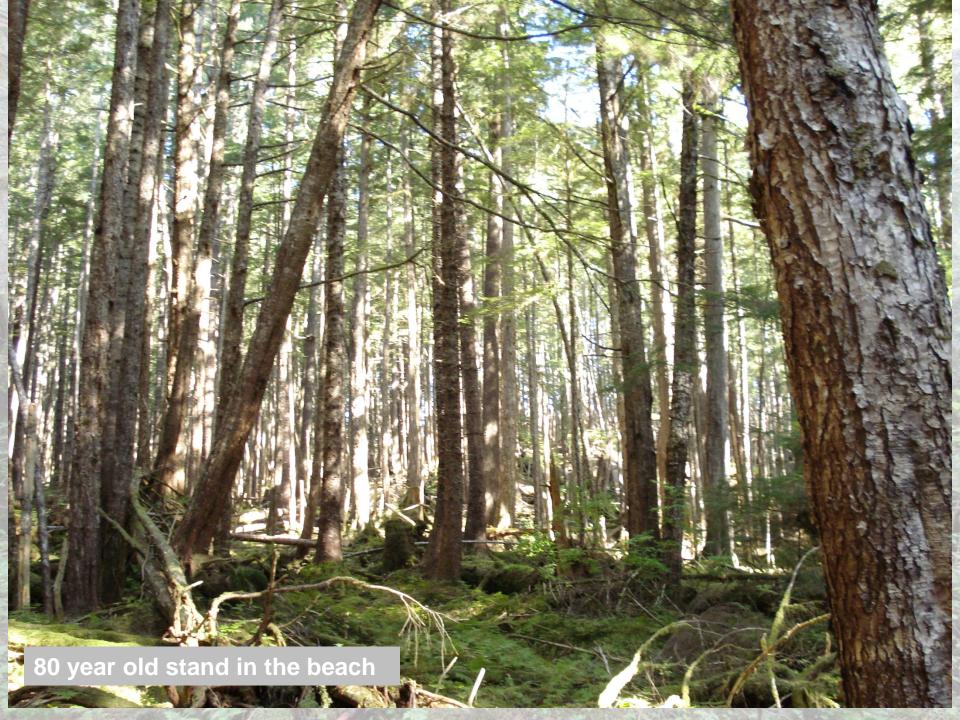


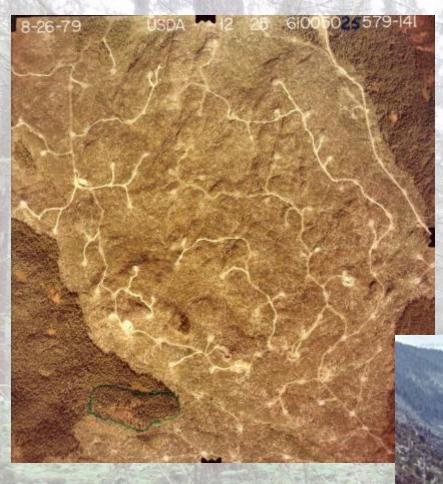










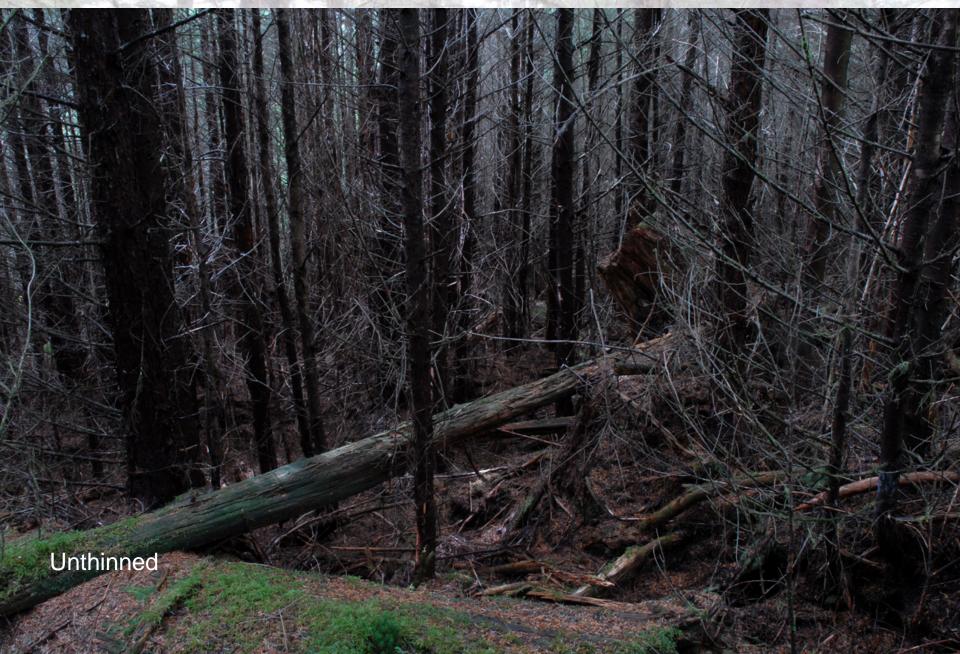


# The Long Term contract era..

Clearcutting (even-age management)

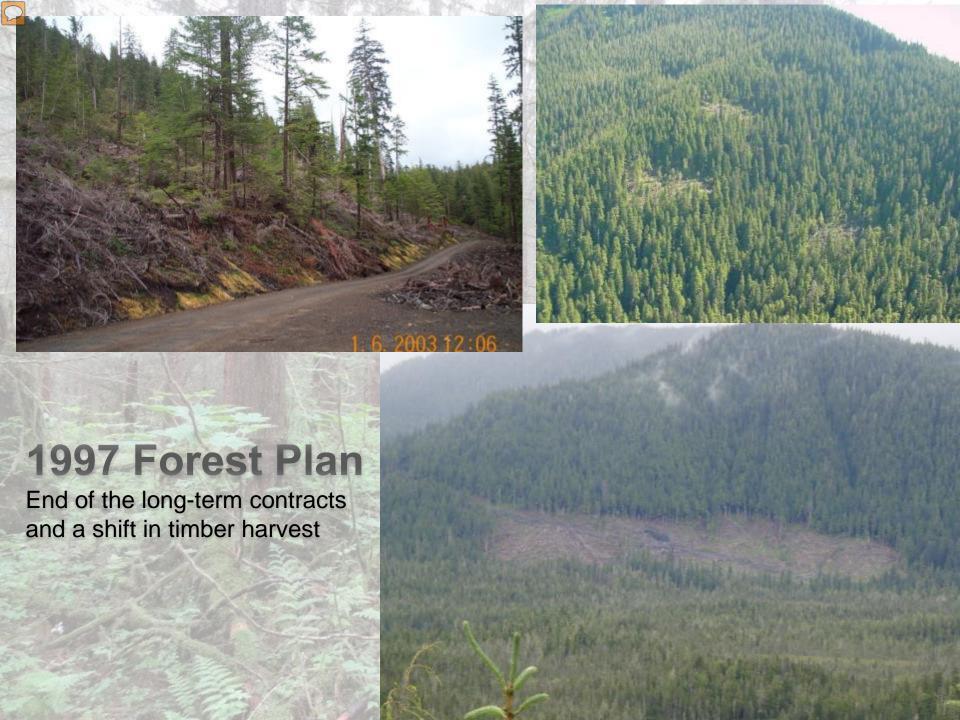


## unthinned



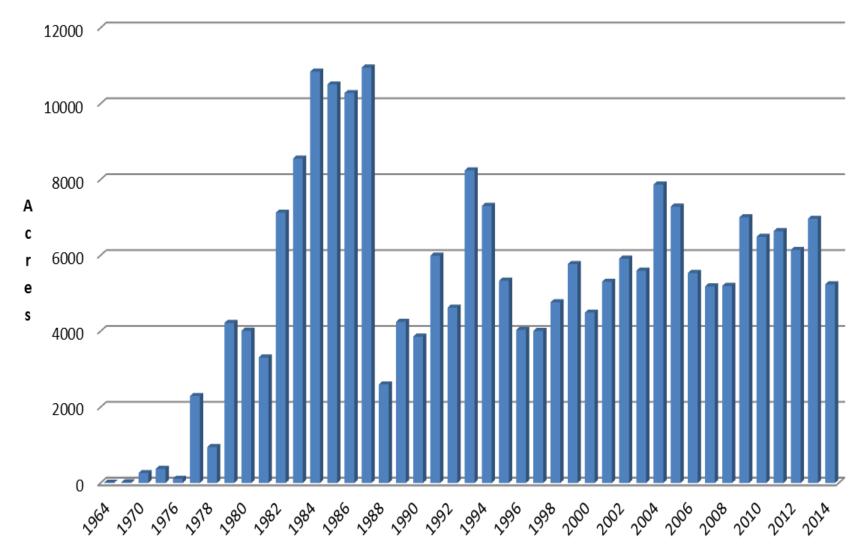
## thinned



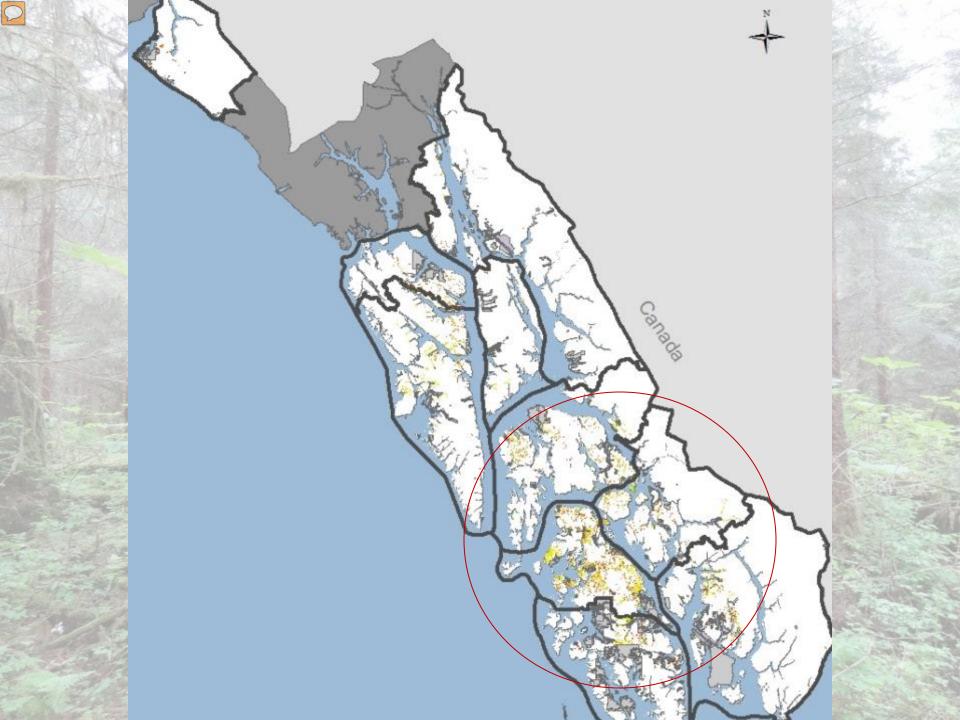




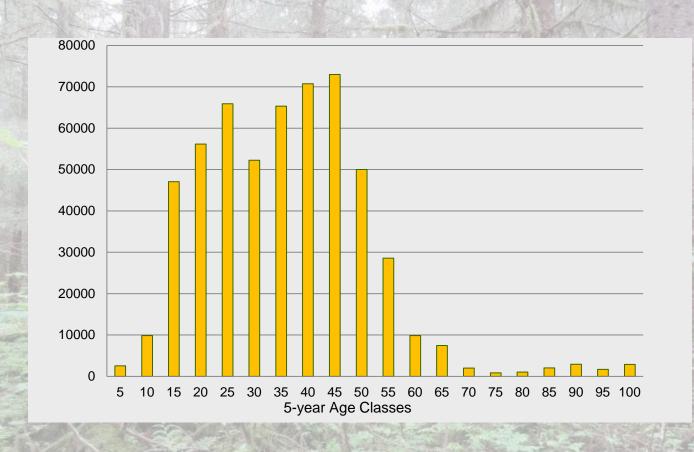




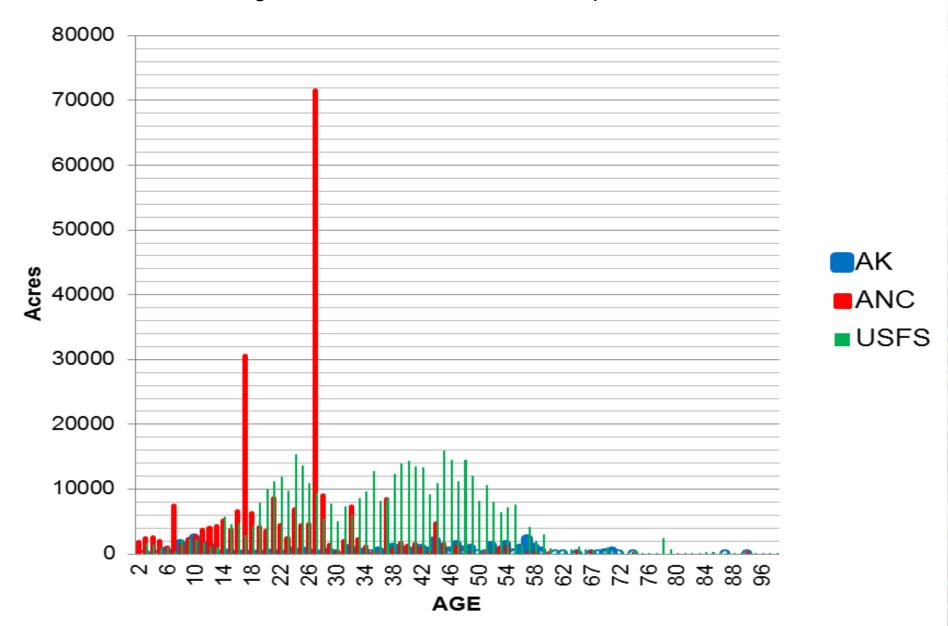
Total acres treated on the Tongass: 225,221

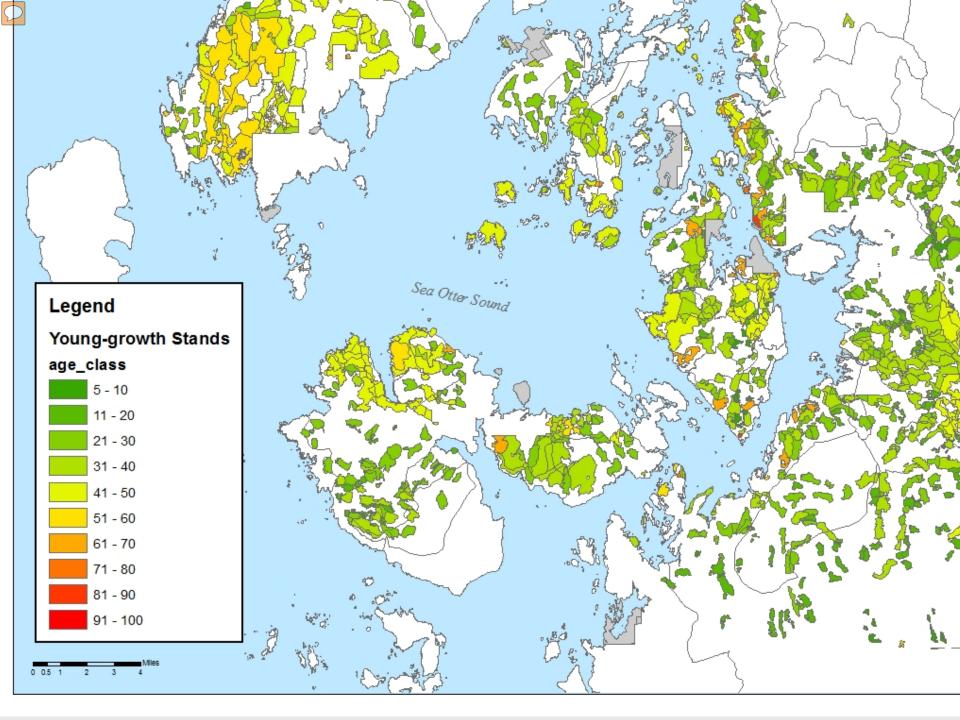






#### Age Distribution Across Ownership





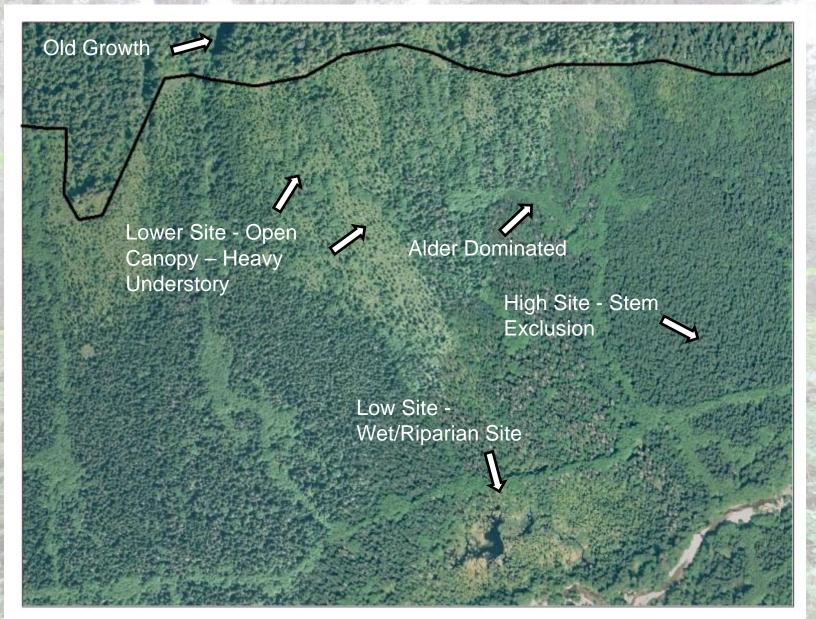


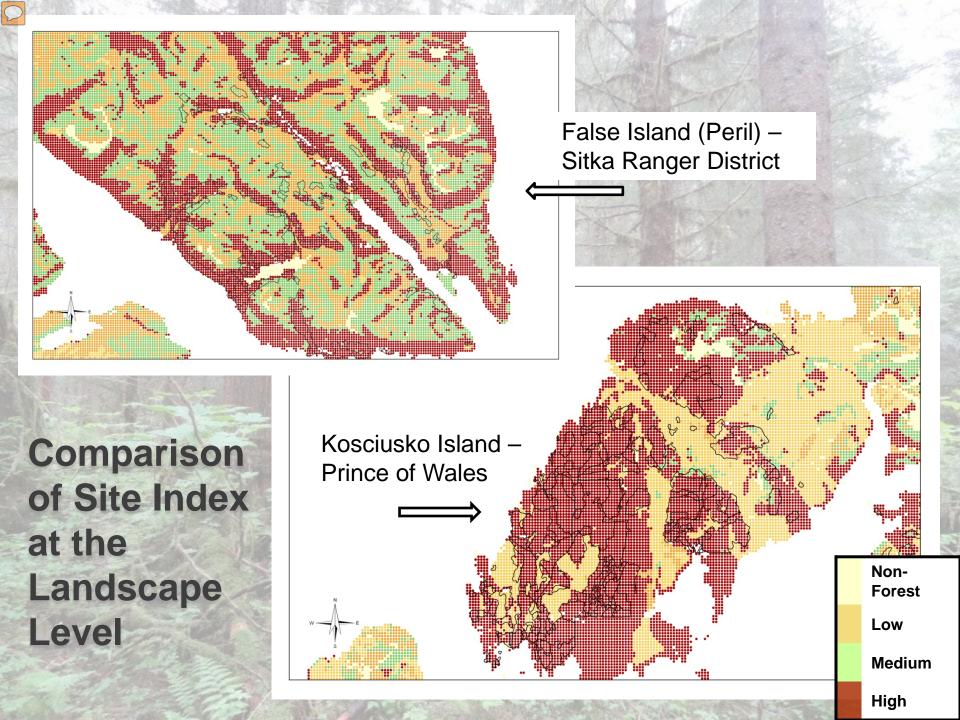




#### Stand level variability of site productivity

40 year-old stand with past PCT





# Intermediate Young-Growth Treatments

Precommercial thinning (PCT) between ages 15 to 30 can:

- prolong understory vegetation,
- reduce competition between trees,
- increase growth rates,
- improve wildlife habitat.
- Creates a stable stand that can handle other intermediate treatments

## unthinned



## thinned









#### **Commercial Thinning**

Commercial thinning (CT) at ages 60-90 years shows potential in re-establishing understory and providing wood products.

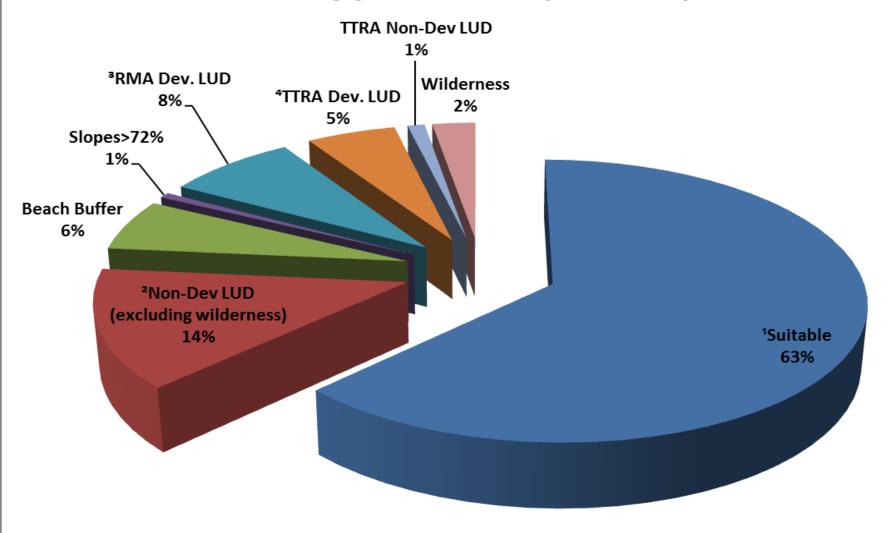


# (current FS assumptions) Stands with the most potential for a commercial thin today:

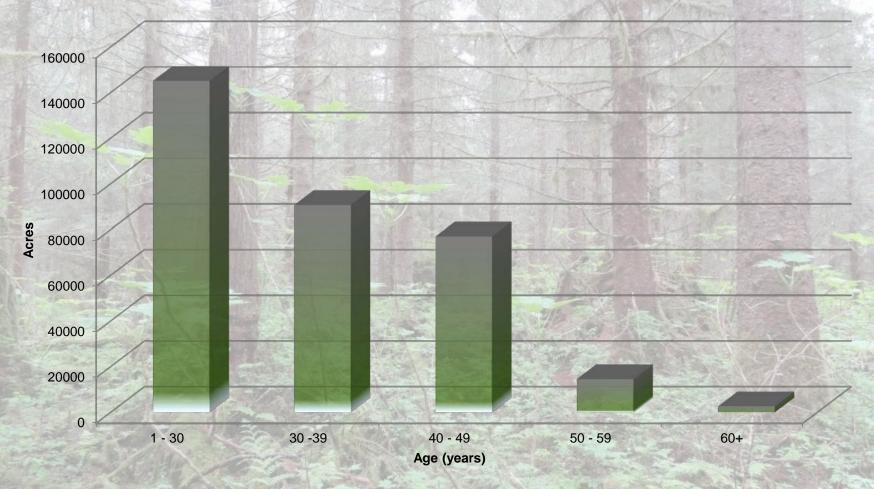
- commercial thin today:
   Are approximately 60 Years of Age or older (if previously thinned, 70 if not)
- Located on high productivity sites
- Are along the beach or adjacent to existing roads that are open and do not require significant re-construction
- Lie on gentle ground (slopes that are less than 35%)where ground based, mechanized harvesting systems could be used.



#### Young growth acres by Suitability



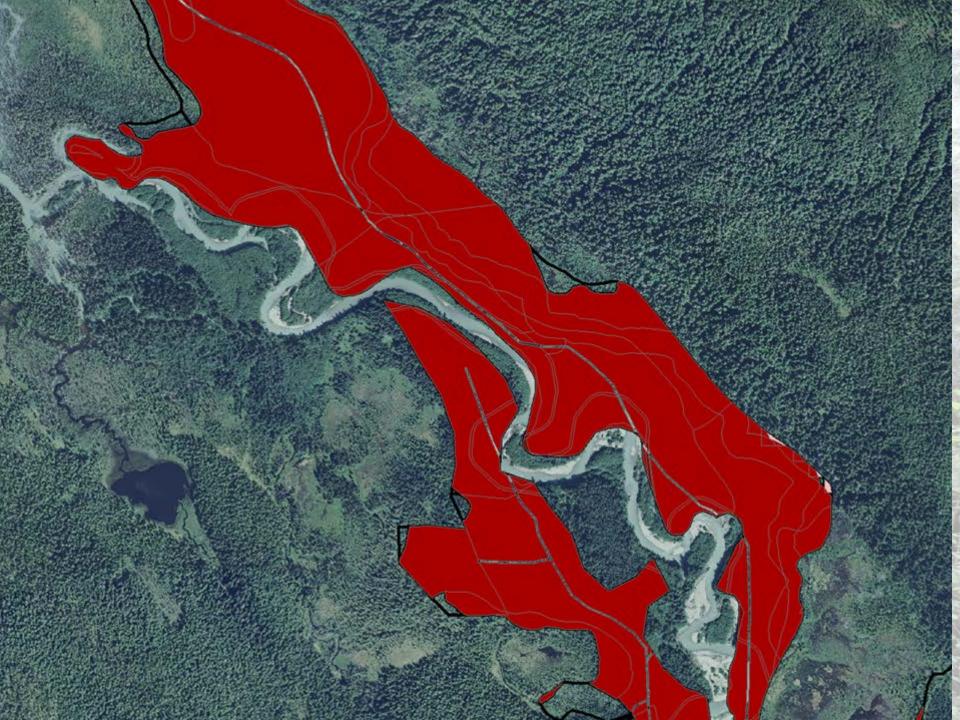
### TNF Acres of Young Growth by Age-class for <sup>1</sup>Development LUDs (Total Acres of YG in <sup>1</sup>Dev. LUD = 320,000)



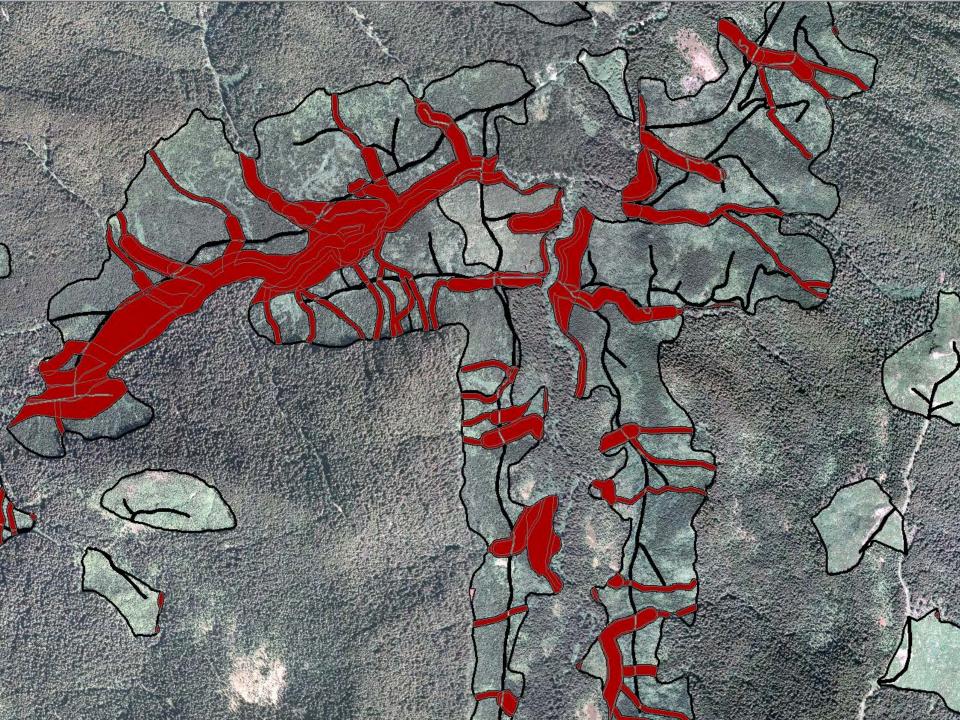


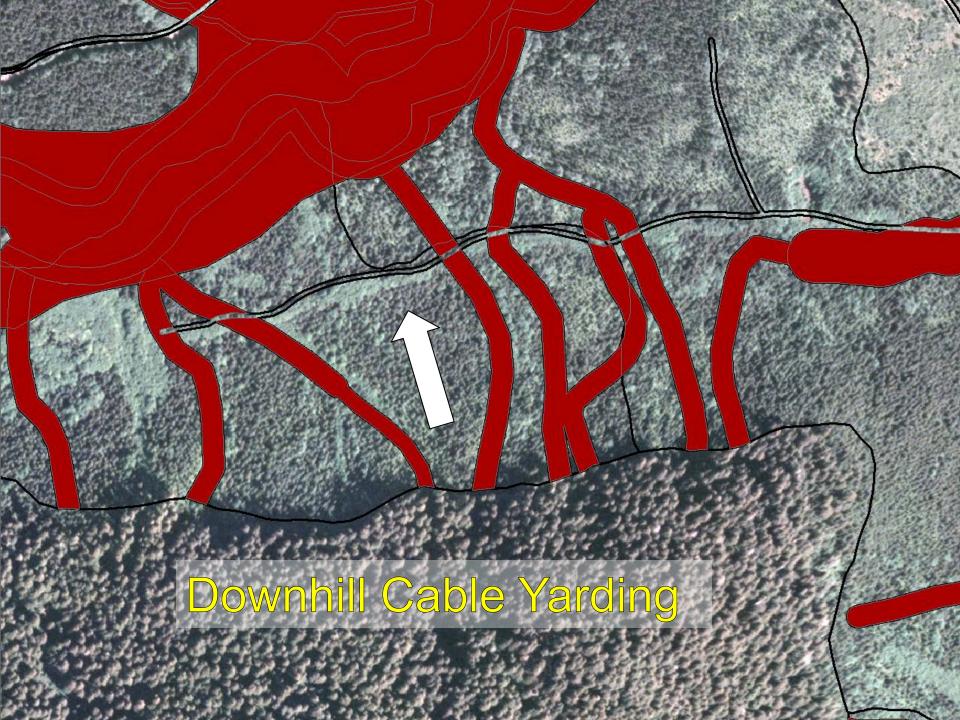












## Timber Requirements

Culmination of Mean Annual Increment of growth (cont'd)

36 CFR 219.11 (d)(7).

... (7) The regeneration harvest of even-aged stands of trees is limited to stands that generally have reached the culmination of mean annual increment (CMAI) of growth. This requirement would apply only to regeneration harvest of even-aged stands on lands identified as suited for timber production and where timber production is the primary purpose for the harvest. Plan components may allow for exceptions, set out in 16 U.S.C 1604(m), only if such harvest is consistent with the other plan components of the land management plan.

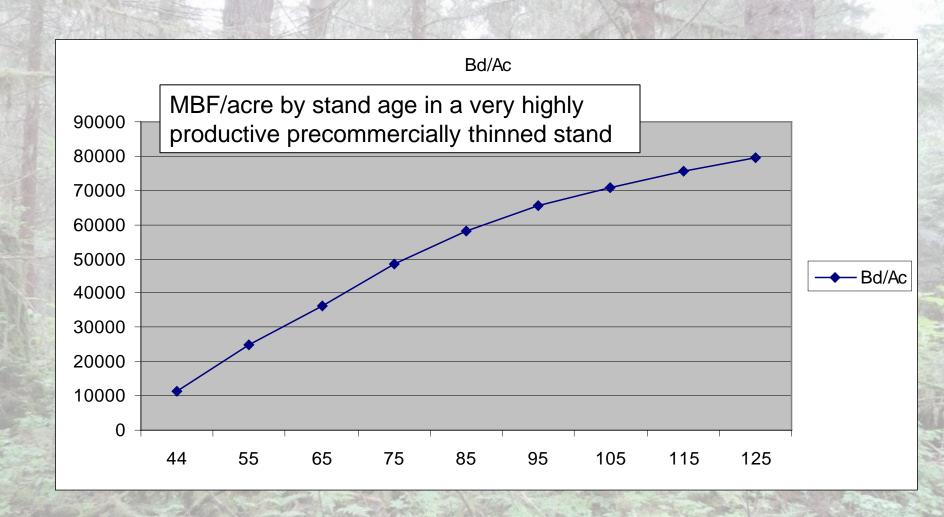
## Timber Requirements

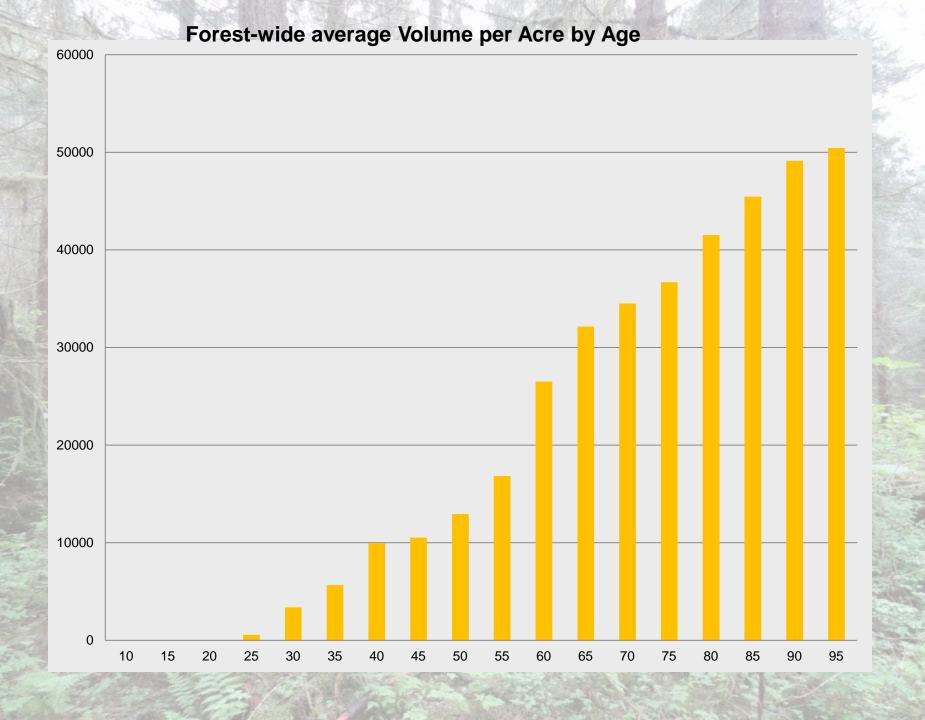
Culmination of Mean Annual Increment of growth (cont'd)

16 U.S.C. 1604 (m)

(2) exceptions to these standards for the harvest of particular species of trees in management units after consideration has been given to the multiple uses of the forest including, but not limited to, recreation, wildlife habitat, and range and after completion of public participation processes utilizing the procedures of subsection (d) of this section.

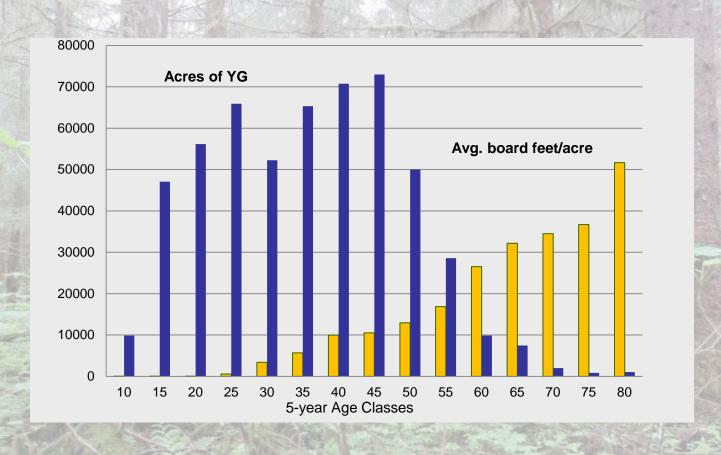
## Merchantability of YG Stands on the Tongass

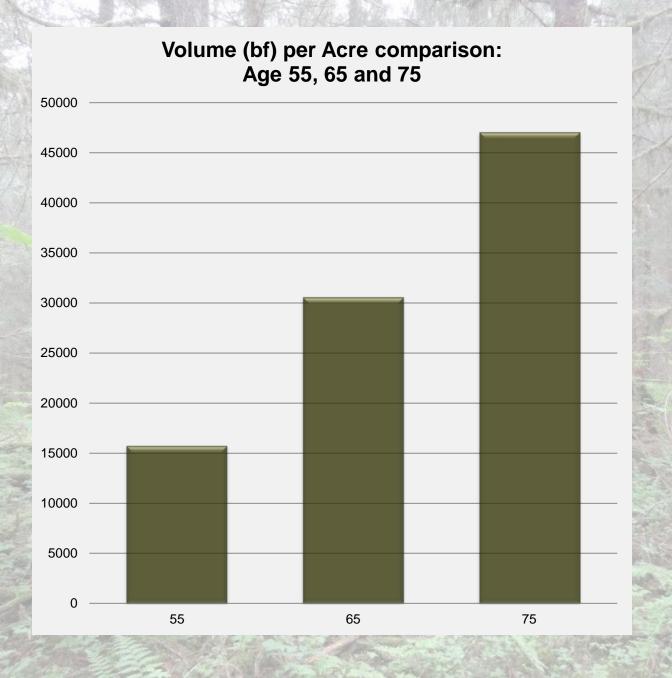






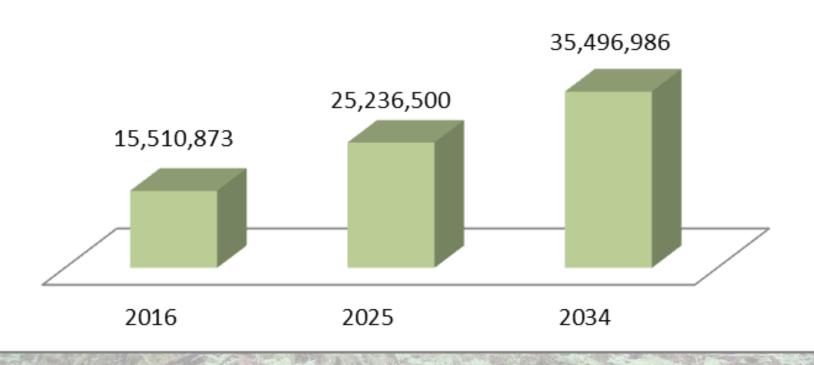
## Comparison of YG Acres to Average Volume per Acre by 5-year Age Classes







total volume



Average stand age in 2016 is 52 years. Many stands have had 3 silvicultural treatments to date











